

# STUDENTS

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## OBJECTIVES FOR EQUAL EDUCATIONAL OPPORTUNITIES FOR STUDENTS

This series of the board policy manual is devoted to the board's goals and objectives for assisting the students of the school district in obtaining an education. Each student will have an opportunity to obtain an education in compliance with the policies in this series.

It is the goal of the board to develop a healthy social, intellectual, emotional, and physical self-concept in the students enrolled in the school district. Each student attending school will have the opportunity to use it and its education program and services as a means for self-improvement and individual growth. In so doing, the students are expected to conduct themselves in a manner that assures each student the same opportunity.

The board supports the delivery of the education program and services to students free of discrimination on the basis of age, color, creed, national origin, race, religion, marital status, sex, sexual orientation, gender identity, physical attributes, physical or mental ability or disability, ancestry, political party preference, political belief, socioeconomic status, or family status. This concept of equal educational opportunity serves as a guide for the board and employees in making decisions relating to school district facilities, employment, selection of educational materials, equipment, curriculum, and regulations affecting students.

In the delivery of the education program, students will treat the employees with respect and students will receive the same in return. Employees have the best interests of the students in mind and will assist them in school-related or personal matters if they are able to do so. Students should feel free to discuss problems, whether school-related or personal, with the guidance counselor or other employees.

Board policies, rules and regulations affect students while they are on school district property or on property within the jurisdiction of the school district; while on school owned and/or operated school or chartered vehicles; while attending or engaged in school activities; and while away from school grounds if misconduct will directly affect the good order, efficient management and welfare of the school district.

Board policy refers to the term "parents" in many of the policies. The term parents for purposes of this policy manual will mean the legal parents, the legal guardian or custodian of a student, or students who have reached the age of majority or are otherwise considered an adult by law.

Inquiries by students regarding compliance with equal educational opportunity and affirmative action laws and policies, including but not limited to complaints of discrimination, are directed to the Affirmative Action Coordinator by writing to the Affirmative Action Coordinator, Union Community School District, 200 Adams Street, La Porte City, Iowa 50651; or by telephoning 319-342-2674.

## OBJECTIVES FOR EQUAL EDUCATIONAL OPPORTUNITIES FOR STUDENTS

Inquiries by students regarding compliance with equal educational opportunity and affirmative action laws and policies, including but not limited to complaints of discrimination, may also be directed in writing to the Director of the Region VII office of Civil Rights, <http://www.state.ia.us/government/crc/index.html> U.S. Department of Education 8930 Ward Parkway, Suite 2037, Kansas City, MO. 64114 (816) 268-0550 or Iowa Dept. of Education, Grimes State Office Bldg., Des Moines, IA. (515) 281-5294. This inquiry or complaint to the federal or state office may be done instead of, or in addition to, an inquiry or complaint at the local level.

Further information and copies of the procedures for filing a complaint are available in the school district's central administrative office and the administrative office in each attendance center.

Approved Dec. 15, 1997

Reviewed June 15, 2020

Revised April 9, 2012

## RESIDENT STUDENTS

Children who are residents of the school district community will attend the school district without paying tuition.

The residence of a student means the place, abode, or dwelling of the student. Generally, the legal dwelling of minors is the same as their parents. However, a student may establish a dwelling with someone other than the parents and attend public school in the school district without paying tuition if the primary purpose for residing in the school district is not for the purpose of obtaining a free public education. Further, students who have reached the age of majority and who are still eligible to attend an Iowa secondary school may declare their residence independent of the residence of the parents.

Each case involving the bona fide residence of a student will be decided upon its individual merits by the superintendent.

Legal Reference:        Lakota Cons. Ind. School v. Buffalo Center-Rake Comm. School, 334 N.W.2d 704 (Iowa 1983).  
                              Mt. Hope School Dist. v. Hendrickson, 197 N.W. 47 (Iowa 1924).  
                              Oshel v. Creston Comm. School Dist., DPI Admin. Doc. 570 (1981).  
                              33 D.P.I. Dec. Rule 80 (1984).  
                              Iowa Code §§ 257.6; 282.2, .6, .7; 285.4 (2005).  
                              1956 Op. Att'y Gen. 185.  
                              1946 Op. Att'y Gen. 197.  
                              1938 Op. Att'y Gen. 69.  
                              1930 Op. Att'y Gen. 147.

Cross Reference:        102     School District Instructional Organization  
                              501     Student Attendance

Approved Dec. 17, 2001

Reviewed June 15, 2020

Revised Nov. 20, 2006

NONRESIDENT STUDENTS

Students who are eligible to attend an Iowa public school but who are not legal residents of the school district may be admitted into the school district at the discretion of the superintendent upon application and payment of tuition. The tuition rate is the current per-pupil cost of the school district as computed by the board secretary and as authorized by the Iowa Department of Education.

Resident students whose families move from the school district after the start of a semester and who wish to complete the semester in their former resident school district will be permitted to attend. Students who plan to open enroll to their former resident district for the next school year may do so without approval of the board.

Students in grades eleven or twelve who are no longer residents of the school district, but were residents in the preceding school year, may continue to attend school until they graduate without the payment of tuition. These students may be required to identify an adult, who resides in the school district, identified for purposes of administration.

Nonresident students who are eligible to attend an Iowa public school and who have evidence they will become legal residents of the school district prior to the third Friday in September may be allowed to attend without the payment of tuition.

Legal Reference:                    Lakota Cons. Ind. School v. Buffalo Center-Rake Comm. School, 334 N.W.2d 704 (Iowa 1983).  
   Mt. Hope School Dist. v. Hendrickson, 197 N.W. 47 (Iowa 1924).  
   Oshel v. Creston Comm. School Dist., DPI Admin. Doc. 570 (1981).  
   Iowa Code §§ 257.6; 282.1, .2, .6, .7, .24 (2005).

Cross Reference:                    501      Student Attendance

Approved: 12/17/2006

Reviewed: 06/15/2020

Revised: 06/19/23



## COMPULSORY ATTENDANCE

Parents within the school district who have children over age six and under age sixteen by September 15, in proper physical and mental condition to attend school, will have the children attend the school district at the attendance center designated by the board. Students will attend school the number of days school is in session in accordance with the school calendar. Students of compulsory attendance age will attend school a minimum of 1080 hours. Students not attending the minimum hours must be exempted by this policy as listed below or, referred to the county attorney. Exceptions to this policy include children who:

- have completed the requirements for graduation in an accredited school or have obtained a high school equivalency diploma;
- are attending religious services or receiving religious instruction;
- are attending an approved or probationally approved private college preparatory school;
- are attending an accredited nonpublic school; or,
- are receiving independent private instruction; or,
- are receiving competent private instruction.

It is the responsibility of the parent of a child to provide evidence of the child's mental and physical inability to attend school or of the child's qualifications for one of the exceptions listed above.

The principal will investigate the cause for a student's truancy. If the principal is unable to secure the truant student's attendance, the principal may refer the matter to the county attorney.

The school will participate in mediation if requested by the county attorney. The principal will represent the school district in mediation. The school district will monitor the student's compliance with the mediation agreement and will report violations of the mediation agreement to the county attorney.

Legal Reference: Iowa Code §§ 239.5B; 259A; 279.10-.11; ch. 299; 299A (2005).  
441 I.A.C. 41.25(8).  
1978 Op. Att'y. Gen. 379.

Cross Reference: 501 Student Attendance  
601.1 School Calendar  
604.1 Competent Private Instruction

Approved Dec. 17, 2001

Reviewed June 15, 2020

Revised Oct. 20, 2014

ENTRANCE - ADMISSIONS

Children in the school district community will be allowed to enroll in the school district's regular education program beginning at age five. The child must be age five on or prior to September 15 to participate in the school district's kindergarten program. The child must be age six on or prior to September 15 to begin the first grade of the education program.

The board will require evidence of age and residency in the form of a birth certificate or other evidence before the student may enroll in the school district's education program. It is within the discretion of the superintendent to determine what is satisfactory evidence for proof of age.

Prior to enrollment, the child must provide the administration with their health and immunization certificate. Failure to provide this information within the time period set by the superintendent is reason for suspension, expulsion or denying admission to the student.

Legal Reference: Iowa Code §§ 139.9; 282.1, .3, .6 (2005).  
1980 Op. Att'y Gen. 258.

Cross Reference: 501 Student Attendance  
507.1 Student Health and Immunization Certificates

Approved Dec. 17, 2001

Reviewed June 15, 2020

Revised \_\_\_\_\_

ATTENDANCE CENTER ASSIGNMENT

The board will have complete discretion to determine the boundaries for each attendance center, to assign students to the attendance centers.

Parents or guardians of siblings in the same grade level academically in grades kindergarten through grade five may request the siblings be placed in the same or different classrooms. In order to be valid, the request must be made in writing and submitted to the school principal at the time of registration for classes, or within fourteen days after the children's first day of attendance during the school year. If a valid request is received by the school principal, the request must be honored. While a parent or guardian may make a placement request that siblings be placed together or apart, the district administration retains complete discretion to select the classroom teacher(s) to which siblings are assigned. If after the initial grading period following the placement of siblings in the same or different classrooms the school principal determines the placement is disruptive to the class; the principal may assign one or more of the siblings to different classrooms.

It is the responsibility of the superintendent to make a recommendation to the board annually regarding the assigned attendance center for each student. In making the recommendation, the superintendent will consider the geographical layout of the school district, the condition and location of the school district facilities, the location of student population, possible transportation challenges, financial condition of the school district and other factors deemed relevant by the superintendent or the board.

*Note: The requirement for the school principals to honor valid placement requests in paragraph two is a new legal requirement effective July 1, 2019.*

Legal Reference: Iowa Code §§ 279.11; 282.7-.8.

Cross Reference: 501 Student Attendance

Approved Dec. 17, 2001

Reviewed August 15, 2022

Revised June 15, 2020

## STUDENT TRANSFERS IN

Students who transfer into the school district must meet the immunization and age requirements set out for students who initially enroll in the school district.

The school district will request the student's cumulative records from the previous school district. If the student cannot offer proof of grade level, the superintendent will make the grade level determination. The superintendent may require testing or other information to determine the grade level. Students expelled or suspended from their previous school district will only be enrolled after approval of the board.

The superintendent will determine the amount of credits to be transferred. If the student has not previously attended an accredited school, it is within the superintendent's discretion to accept or reject credits or grades.

The board may deny admission if the student is not willing to provide the board with the necessary information.

Legal Reference: 20 U.S.C. § 1232g (1994).  
Iowa Code §§ 139.9; 282.1, .3, .4; 299A (2005).

Cross Reference: 501 Student Attendance  
505.4 Student Honors and Awards  
507 Student Health and Well-Being  
604.1 Competent Private Instruction

Approved Dec. 17, 2006

Reviewed June 15, 2020

Revised \_\_\_\_\_

## STUDENT TRANSFERS OUT OR WITHDRAWALS

If the student's parents wish to withdraw or transfer the student from school prior to completing and graduating from the education program, they should notify the student's principal in writing as soon as possible of the decision to withdraw or transfer the student from the education program. The student or parent should present this written notice at the office and receive instructions regarding the return of textbooks, library books, locker equipment, hot lunch tickets, etc. If the student has lost or damaged school textbooks or materials, the school will assess the parents/custodians a reimbursement fee.

The notice should state the student's final day of attendance. If the student is not enrolling in another school district, the school district will maintain the student's records in the same manner as the records of students who have graduated from the school district.

If the parents wish to have the student's cumulative record sent to the new school district, the parents must notify the principal in writing. This notice will include the name of the school district and the person at the new school district to whom the student's cumulative records should be sent. If the new school district requests the student's cumulative records, the school district will forward the cumulative records and notify the parents the records have been sent. The notice will inform the parents of their right to review the records sent.

If the student is of compulsory education age and not transferring to another public school district or an accredited nonpublic school, the parents will notify the superintendent that the student is receiving competent private instruction and file the necessary competent private instruction reports.

Legal Reference: 20 U.S.C. § 1232g (1994).  
Iowa Code §§ 274.1; 299.1-.1A (2005).

Cross Reference: 501 Student Attendance  
506 Student Records  
604.1 Competent Private Instruction

Approved Dec. 17, 2006

Reviewed June 15, 2020

Revised \_\_\_\_\_

STUDENT ATTENDANCE RECORDS

As part of the school district's records, the daily attendance of each student is recorded and maintained on file with the permanent records of the board secretary.

It is the responsibility of the principals to ensure that such reports are filed with the board secretary, the custodian of school records.

Legal Reference: Iowa Code §§ 294.4; 299 (2005).  
281 I.A.C. 12.2(4).

Cross Reference: 501 Student Attendance  
506 Student Records

Approved Dec. 17, 2001

Reviewed June 15, 2020

Revised \_\_\_\_\_

## STUDENT ABSENCES - EXCUSED

Regular attendance by students is essential for students to obtain the maximum opportunities from the education program. Parents and students alike are encouraged to ensure an absence from school is a necessary absence. Students will attend school unless excused by the principal of their attendance center.

Student absences approved by the principal are excused absences. Excused absences will count as days in attendance for purposes of the truancy law. These absences include, but are not limited to, illness, family emergencies, recognized religious observances, appointments that cannot be scheduled outside the school day and school-sponsored or approved activities.

The district believes that traditional, in-person school attendance leads to the greatest learning opportunities for students. However, there may be rare and unusual circumstances created by public emergencies declared by state or local officials which temporarily prevent students from attending traditional, in-person school. In these circumstances, the superintendent will have discretion to make reasonable accommodations for students, on a case-by-case basis, to attend school through remote learning opportunities within the available resources of the district and as permitted by law. During approved remote learning, attendance will be taken, assessments may be administered, and grades will count towards students' cumulative grade point average as if they were attending in person. The provision of special education and accommodations for students who have individualized education programs (IEPs) or Section 504 plans will be determined by each respective IEP or Section 504 team.

Students whose absences are approved will make up the work missed and receive full credit for the missed school work. It is the responsibility of the student to initiate a procedure with the student's teacher to complete the work missed.

Students who wish to participate in school-sponsored activities must attend school the full day the day of the activity unless permission has been given by the principal for the student to be absent.

It is the responsibility of the parent to notify the student's attendance center as soon as the parent knows the student will not be attending school on that day. The principal may request evidence or written verification of the student's reason for absence.

It is the responsibility of the superintendent, in conjunction with the principal, to develop administrative regulations regarding this policy.

Legal Reference: 34 C.F.R. sec. 300  
28 C.F.R. Pt. 35  
Iowa Code §§ 294.4; 299.  
281 I.A.C. 12.3(4).

Cross Reference: 501 Student Attendance  
503 Student Discipline  
504 Student Activities  
506 Student Records

Approved Dec. 17, 2001

Reviewed June 15, 2020

Revised August 10, 2020

REQUEST FOR REMOTE LEARNING FORM

Date: \_\_\_\_\_

Student Name: \_\_\_\_\_ Attendance Center: \_\_\_\_\_

Parent/Guardian: \_\_\_\_\_

I, \_\_\_\_\_ (Parent/Guardian) am requesting accommodation for my child, \_\_\_\_\_ (Student Name) to participate in remote learning opportunities for the duration of the declared public emergency, or until I have determined my child can safely return to traditional in-person learning at his/her designated attendance center, whichever occurs first.

I have attached to this form documentation from an Iowa Board of Medicine-licensed medical professional confirming that remote learning is medically necessary due to the vulnerable health condition of my child or of a family member residing within the same home as my child.

I understand that the district will do their utmost to accommodate my child’s learning needs, but that some learning opportunities may need to be modified in a remote environment. The provision of special education and accommodations for students who have individualized education programs (IEPs) or Section 504 plans will be determined by each respective IEP or Section 504 team. I understand that in order for my child to continue to participate in mandatory learning, his/her remote attendance will be taken, assessments administered, and grades will be counted toward my child’s cumulative grade average. I understand that any devices, technology, or materials given to my child to facilitate remote learning are the property of the district and must be returned at the end of the remote learning period.

I am requesting that remote learning opportunities begin on \_\_\_\_\_ (date) and continue until \_\_\_\_\_ (date) or the declared public emergency is dismissed.

(Parent/Guardian) \_\_\_\_\_

(Date) \_\_\_\_\_

Request approved by: \_\_\_\_\_ (School official)

Date: \_\_\_\_\_

**Note: This form is to be utilized by parents/guardians of a student who, during the course of a declared public emergency, believe that further attendance by the student at traditional in person school would be detrimental to the health or safety of the student or the student’s family member residing with the student. This form is not necessary when the school building is closed to traditional in person learning and remote learning opportunities are already available to students. It is only to be utilized during a public emergency declared by state or local officials when traditional in person learning continues to be held.**

Approved August 10, 2020

Reviewed \_\_\_\_\_

Revised \_\_\_\_\_



**UNION CSD**  
VOLUNTARY REQUEST FOR REMOTE LEARNING FORM

Date: \_\_\_\_\_

Student Name: \_\_\_\_\_

Attendance Center: \_\_\_\_\_

Parent/Guardian: \_\_\_\_\_

I, \_\_\_\_\_ (Parent/Guardian) am requesting accommodation for my child, \_\_\_\_\_ (Student Name) to participate in remote learning opportunities for the duration of the declared public emergency, or until I have determined my child can safely return to traditional in-person learning at his/her designated attendance center, whichever occurs first.

I understand that the district will do their utmost to accommodate my child's learning needs, but that some learning opportunities may need to be modified in a remote environment. The provision of special education and accommodations for students who have individualized education programs (IEPs) or Section 504 plans will be determined by each respective IEP or Section 504 team.

I understand that in order for my child to continue to participate in mandatory learning, his/her remote attendance will be taken, assessments administered, and grades will be counted toward my child's cumulative grade average. I understand that any devices, technology, or materials given to my child to facilitate remote learning are the property of the district and must be returned at the end of the remote learning period.

I am requesting that remote learning opportunities begin on \_\_\_\_\_ (date) and continue until \_\_\_\_\_ (date) or the declared public emergency is dismissed.

(Parent/Guardian) \_\_\_\_\_

(Date) \_\_\_\_\_

Request approved by: \_\_\_\_\_ (School official)

Date: \_\_\_\_\_

Approved August 10, 2020

Reviewed \_\_\_\_\_

Revised \_\_\_\_\_

## TRUANCY - UNEXCUSED ABSENCES

Regular attendance by the students at school is essential for students to obtain the maximum opportunities from the education program. Parents and students alike are encouraged to ensure an absence from school is a necessary absence. Students will attend school unless excused by the principal of their attendance center.

Truancy is the failure to attend school for the minimum number of days established in the school calendar by the board. Truancy is the act of being absent without a reasonable excuse. These absences will include, but not be limited to, tardiness, shopping, hunting, concerts, organized “skip” days, preparation or participation in parties and other celebrations and employment]. Truancy will not be tolerated by the board.

Students are subject to disciplinary action for truancy including suspension and expulsion. It is within the discretion of the principal to determine, in light of the circumstances, whether a student may make up work missed because of truancy. Students receiving special education services will not be assigned to in-school suspension unless the goals and objectives of the student's Individualized Education Program are capable of being met.

It is the responsibility of the superintendent, in conjunction with the principal, to develop administrative regulations regarding this policy. The administrative regulations will indicate the disciplinary action to be taken for truancy.

Legal Reference: Iowa Code §§ 294.4; 299 (2005).  
281 I.A.C. 12.2(4).

Cross Reference: 206.3 Secretary  
410.5 Truancy Officer  
501 Student Attendance  
503 Student Discipline  
504 Student Activities  
506 Student Records

Approved Dec. 17, 2001

Reviewed June 15, 2020

Revised Nov. 20, 2006

Union Community School District  
Attendance Policy

The Union Community School District Attendance Policy is based on the fact that something important happens in class every day and that the activity or interaction between teacher and student can never be exactly duplicated.

In order for the Union Staff to do the best job of educating the students entrusted to them, the students must be in regular attendance. A successful educational program requires the cooperation of parents, the student to attend regularly, and the staff to be involved at all points in the process. One of the most vital points is that of student attendance. The attendance policy has been developed to encourage good attendance.

Parents are requested to call the school when their student will be absent. If no call is received, the school will attempt to call the parent. If no contact is made, the student must bring a written documentation explaining the absence on the next day of attendance.

Students six years of age through the completion of the year they turn 16 are required to attend school on a regular basis or have competent private instruction as described under section 299.4 of the Code of Iowa. Iowa law requires that a student be in regular attendance at their registered district. By law it is the responsibility of the parent to insure that their children are in school.

The State of Iowa establishes the number of days in an academic school year. The Union School Board believes attendance is crucial to academic success. It has limited the number of days that student can be absent to the equivalent of 12 days during a school year.

Absences due to school related and school supervised activities do NOT count toward their total. Absences due to court proceedings or suspensions do not count toward their total. Serious or prolonged illness, extended hospitalizations, or other extenuating circumstances need to be presented to the office and will be at the discretion of the building principal. All absences, except those stated, will be counted toward the student's allotted 12 days of absences.

Step 1: 9 Absences. A letter of concern may be sent from the guidance counselor, success counselor, or principal. A parent conference may be required. Further illnesses may require a doctor's excuse.

Step 2: 12 Absences. A letter of concern may be sent from the guidance counselor, success counselor, or principal. A letter may be sent to the County Attorney for mediation/disposition purposes at the parent's expense.

Administrators, counselors, and/or secretaries of the Union Community School District will serve as truancy officers for their assigned buildings. Local law enforcement may be used to visit homes of students considered truant.

We do realize that most absences are justified; however, our concern is how to help students from getting so far behind that things look hopeless, thus making it harder for them to return. It is the students' responsibility to get assignments and make up work missed.

Whenever students know before hand that they are going to be absent from school, they should secure advance arrangements with each teacher as far ahead of the absence as possible. A phone call or written statement from parents is required in the office of any known days if a student is going to be absent.

## STUDENT RELEASE DURING SCHOOL HOURS

Students will be allowed to leave the school district facilities during school hours only with prior authorization from their parents, unless the parent appears personally at the student's attendance center to arrange for the release of the student during school hours, or with the permission of the principal.

Approved reasons for release of a student during the school day will include, but not be limited to, illness, appointment for health services, bereavement, recognized religious observances, court appointments, prearranged travel with parents, school-sponsored or approved activities, and other reasons which can be justified from an educational standpoint and which have prior principal approval.

Seniors with parental and administrative approval may request a late arrival or early release permit. This allows the student to arrive late or to leave early. These students must comply with the late arrival/early release regulations set forth by the high school principal.

It is the responsibility of the superintendent, in conjunction with the principal, to develop administrative regulations regarding this policy.

Legal Reference: Iowa Code § 294.4 (2005).  
281 I.A.C. 12.2(4).

Cross Reference: 501 Student Attendance  
503 Student Discipline  
504 Student Activities  
506 Student Records

Approved Dec. 17, 2001

Reviewed June 15, 2020

Revised Aug. 15, 2011

## PREGNANT STUDENTS

The board encourages pregnant students to continue to attend the education program as long as they are physically able to do so. The pregnant student may notify the principal or the guidance counselor as soon as she is aware of the pregnancy. The school may require that a pregnant student provide the principal with a written note from her doctor relative to special conditions that might exist and specific suggestions as to how long the student may continue to attend classes. If the student is unable to attend school because of her pregnancy, the student may be excused and arrangements made to continue her studies during her absence. The student will resume classes upon the recommendation of her physician.

Legal Reference: Iowa Code §§ 216; 279.8; 280.3 (2005).

Cross Reference: 501 Student Attendance  
604.2 Individualized Instruction

Approved Dec. 17, 2001

Reviewed June 15, 2020

Revised Nov. 20, 2006

STUDENTS OF LEGAL AGE

Students who have attained legal age may continue the education program without payment of tuition as long as they are eligible to attend an Iowa public school and are residents of the school district.

Parents will be allowed to access and view the student's records without written permission from the student if the student is still a dependent for tax purposes. In most cases, with the discretion of the principal or the superintendent, the student will be able to make decisions and sign documents rather than requiring parental permission or signature.

Legal Reference: 20 U.S.C. § 1232g (1994).  
Iowa Code §§ 22; 282.2, .6, .7; 285.4; 599.1; 622.10 (2005).  
281 I.A.C. 12.3(6).

Cross Reference: 501 Student Attendance  
506 Student Records

Approved Dec. 17, 2001

Reviewed June 15, 2020

Revised \_\_\_\_\_

## OPEN ENROLLMENT TRANSFERS - PROCEDURES AS A SENDING DISTRICT

The school district will participate in open enrollment as a sending district. As a sending district, the board will allow resident students who meet the requirements to open enroll to another public school district.

Parents requesting open enrollment out of the school district for their student will notify the sending and receiving school district no later than March 1 in the school year preceding the first year desired for open enrollment. The notice is made on forms provided by the Department of Education. The forms are available at the central administration office.

Parents of children who will begin kindergarten in the school district are exempt from the open enrollment March 1 deadline. Parents of children who will begin kindergarten and prekindergarten children enrolled in special education programs and included in the district's basic enrollment will file in the same manner set forth above by September 1. Parents who have good cause as defined by law for failing to meet the March 1 deadline may make an open enrollment request by September 1 unless another deadline applies.

The receiving district will approve open enrollment requests according to the timelines established by law. The parents may withdraw the open enrollment request prior to the start of the school year. The receiving district's superintendent will notify the parents and sending school district by mail within five days of the school district's action to approve or deny the open enrollment request.

An open enrollment request out of the school district from parents of a special education student is reviewed on a case-by-case basis. The determining factor for approval of such an open enrollment request will be whether the special education program available in the receiving school district is appropriate for the student's needs. The area education agency director of special education serving the receiving district will determine whether the program is appropriate. The special education student will remain in the school district until the final determination is made.

It is the responsibility of the superintendent to maintain open enrollment request applications and notice forms. It will also be the responsibility of the superintendent to develop appropriate office procedures and administrative regulations necessary for open enrollment requests.

***NOTE: This policy reflects Iowa's open enrollment law. The option addresses the issue of transportation of open enrolled students. The board needs to establish by policy whether it will or will not allow a receiving district to enter the district to pick up open enrolled students. This option is on the bottom of the first page of this policy. For more detailed discussion of this issue, see IASB's Policy Primer, June 24, 2005.***

Legal Reference: Iowa Code §§ 139A.8; 274.1; 279.11; 282.1, .3, .8, .18; 299.1.  
281 I.A.C. 17.

Cross Reference: 501 Student Attendance  
1 Student Records

Approved Dec. 17, 2001

Reviewed November 20, 2022

Revised November 20, 2022

## OPEN ENROLLMENT TRANSFERS - PROCEDURES AS A RECEIVING DISTRICT

The school district will participate in open enrollment as a receiving district. As a receiving district, the board will allow nonresident students, who meet the legal requirements, to open enroll into the school district. The board will have complete discretion to determine the attendance center of the students attending the school district under open enrollment.

The superintendent will approve within 30 days incoming kindergarten applications; good cause application or continuation of an educational program application.

The superintendent will notify the sending school district and parents within five days of the school district's action to approve or deny the open enrollment request.

Open enrollment requests into the school district will not be approved if insufficient classroom space exists. Open enrollment requests into the school district will also not be approved for students who have been suspended or expelled by the administration or the board of the school district the student is or was attending until the student has been reinstated into the school district from which the student was suspended or expelled. Once the student is reinstated, the student's open enrollment request will be considered in the same manner as other open enrollment requests provided the required timelines are met.

Open enrollment requests into the school district that, if denied, would result in students from the same nuclear family being enrolled in different school districts, will be given highest priority. The board, in its discretion, may waive the insufficient classroom space reason for denial for students of the same nuclear family to prevent the division of a nuclear family between two school districts. Other open enrollment requests into the school district are considered in the order received by the school district with the first open enrollment request given a higher priority than the second open enrollment request and so forth.

Students in grades nine through twelve open enrolling into the school district will be eligible for participation in interscholastic athletics, at the varsity level, in accordance with applicable law.

Parents are responsible for providing transportation to and from the receiving school district without reimbursement unless the parents qualify for transportation assistance. Upon a parent's request, the board may approve transportation into the sending district. (The transportation is limited to within 0.5 miles of the district boundary/current bus route.) The board's approval is subject to the sending district's approval.



## OPEN ENROLLMENT TRANSFERS - PROCEDURES AS A RECEIVING DISTRICT

An open enrollment request into the school district from parents of a special education student is reviewed on a case-by-case basis. The determining factors for approval of such an open enrollment request will be whether the special education program available in the school district is appropriate for the student's needs and whether the enrollment of the special education student will cause the class size to exceed the maximum allowed. The area education agency director of special education serving the school district will determine whether the program is appropriate. The special education student will remain in the sending district until the final determination is made. For children requiring special education, the receiving district will complete and provide to the resident district the documentation needed to seek Medicaid reimbursement for eligible services.

The policies of the school district will apply to students attending the school district under open enrollment.

It is the responsibility of the superintendent to develop appropriate office procedures and administrative regulations necessary for open enrollment requests.

***NOTE: This policy reflects Iowa's open enrollment law. The board needs to determine whether it will delegate authority to the superintendent to approve timely filed open enrollment requests. This option is the first set of options on page one of the policy. There are three options available to the board:***

- *board retains all approval authority over timely filed requests.*
- *board delegates all approval authority over timely filed requests.*
- *board delegates only some approval authority over timely filed requests.*

*After the board makes its decision, the policy needs to be edited to reflect the board's decision.*

***The second option on page two addresses the issue of transportation of the receiving district to pick up open enrolled students. The board needs to establish by policy whether it will go into the sending district to pick up open enrolled students. For more detailed discussion of this issue, see IASB's Policy Primer, Vol. 18 #3 – June 24, 2005.***

Legal Reference: Iowa Code §§ 139A.8; 274.1; 279.11; 282.1, .3, .8, .18; 299.1.  
281 I.A.C. 17.

Cross Reference: 501.6 Student Transfers In  
501.7 Student Transfers Out or Withdrawals  
501.14 Open Enrollment Transfers - Procedures as a Sending District  
506 Student Records  
507 Student Health and Well-Being  
606.6 Insufficient Classroom Space

Approved Dec. 17, 2001

Reviewed November 20, 2022

Revised November 20, 2022

## HOMELESS CHILDREN AND YOUTH

The Union Community School District believes all should have access to a free, appropriate public education. The district will ensure that homeless children and youth have equal access to the same free, appropriate public education as other children and youth.

The term “homeless children and youth” means individuals who lack a fixed, regular, and adequate nighttime residence. The term includes:

- Children and youth who are”
  - Sharing the housing of other persons due to loss of housing, economic hardship, or a similar reason (sometimes referred to as “doubled up”);
  - Living in motels, hotels, trailer parks, or camping grounds due to lack of alternative adequate accommodations;
  - Living in emergency or transitional shelters; or
  - Abandoned in hospitals
- Children and youth who have a primary nighttime residence that is a public or private place not designed for, or ordinarily used as, a regular sleeping accommodation for human beings;
- Children and youth who are living in cars, parks, public spaces, abandoned buildings, substandard housing, bus or train stations, or similar settings; and
- Migratory children who qualify as homeless because they are living circumstances described above.

To help ensure that homeless children and youth have an opportunity to enroll, attend, and succeed at school, the board shall:

- Designate the Union Middle School Principal as the local homeless children and youth liaison;
- Provide training opportunities for staff so staff may help identify and meet the needs of homeless children and youth;
- Remove barriers, including those associated with fees, fines, and absences, to the identification, enrollment, retention, attendance and/or success in school for homeless children and youth;
- Ensure collaboration and coordination with other service providers;
- Ensure transportation is provided in accordance with legal requirements;
- Provide school stability in school assignment according to the child’s best interests;
- Ensure the privacy of student records, as provided by applicable laws, including information about a homeless child or youth’s living situation;
- Engage in the dispute resolution process for the decisions relating to the educational placement of homeless children and youth as provided by applicable law; and
- Prohibit the segregation of a homeless child and youth from other students enrolled in the district.

The superintendent may develop an administrative process or procedure to implement this policy.

Note: This is a mandatory policy

Legal Reference:                   20 U.S.C. §6301.  
  42 U.S.C. §11302  
  42 U.S.C. §§11431 *et seq.*  
  281 I.A.C. 33.

Cross Reference:                   501     Student Attendance  
  503.3  Fine-Fees-Charges  
  506     Student Records  
507.1  Student Health and Immunization Certificates  
603.3  Special Education  
711.1  Student School Transportation Eligibility

Approved Dec. 17, 2001

Reviewed November 20, 2022 Revised November 20, 2022

STUDENT APPEARANCE

The board believes inappropriate student appearance causes material and substantial disruption to the school environment or presents a threat to the health and safety of students, employees and visitors.

Students are expected to adhere to standards of cleanliness and dress that are compatible with the requirements of a good learning environment. The standards will be those generally acceptable to the community as appropriate in a school setting.

The board expects students to be clean and well-groomed and wear clothes in good repair and appropriate for the time, place and occasion. Clothing or other apparel promoting products illegal for use by minors and clothing displaying obscene material, profanity, or reference to prohibited conduct are disallowed. While the primary responsibility for appearance lies with the students and their parents, appearance disruptive to the education program will not be tolerated. When, in the judgment of a principal, a student's appearance or mode of dress disrupts the educational process or constitutes a threat to health or safety, the student may be required to make modifications.

It is the responsibility of the superintendent, in conjunction with the principals, to develop administrative regulations regarding this policy.

Legal Reference: Hazelwood School District v. Kuhlmeier, 484 U.S. 260 (1988).  
Bethal School District v. Fraser, 478 U.S. 675 (1986).  
Tinker v. Des Moines Ind. Comm. Sch. Dist., 393 U.S. 503 (1969).  
Bystrom v. Fridley High School, 822 F.2d 747 (8th Cir. 1987).  
Torvik v. Decorah Community School, 453 F.2d 779 (8th Cir. 1972).  
Turley v. Adel Community School District, 322 F.Supp. 402 (S.D. Iowa 1971).  
Sims v. Colfax Comm. School Dist., 307 F.Supp. 485 (Iowa 1970).  
Iowa Code § 279.8 (2005).

Cross Reference: 500 Objectives for Equal Educational Opportunities for Students  
502 Student Rights and Responsibilities

Approved Feb. 18, 2002

Reviewed June 15, 2020

Revised \_\_\_\_\_

CARE OF SCHOOL PROPERTY/VANDALISM

Students will treat school district property with the care and the respect they would treat their own property. Students found to have destroyed or otherwise harmed school district property may be required to reimburse the school district. They may be subject to discipline under board policy and the school district rules and regulations. They may also be referred to local law enforcement authorities.

It is the responsibility of the superintendent, in conjunction with the principal, to develop administrative rules regarding this policy.

Legal Reference: Iowa Code §§ 279.8; 282.4, .5; 613.16 (2005).

Cross Reference: 502 Student Rights and Responsibilities  
802.1 Maintenance Schedule

Approved Feb. 18, 2002

Reviewed June 15, 2020

Revised \_\_\_\_\_

## STUDENT EXPRESSION AND STUDENT PUBLICATIONS

### Student Expression

It is the goal of the district to protect the educational environment for all students to help ensure it is free from substantial disruption or infringement upon their rights. Student expression should be appropriate to help ensure that the students learn and meet the goals of the school activity and that the potential audience is not exposed to material that may be harmful or inappropriate for their level of maturity.

While students will generally be allowed to express their viewpoints and opinions, in certain qualifying circumstances, student speech may require administrative regulation to help ensure the safety and welfare of the school community. The district may regulate speech that: causes or is reasonably anticipated to cause a material and substantial disruption to the education environment; infringes upon the rights of others; is obscene or lewd; is school sponsored; and/or promotes illegal activity. The administration, when making this judgment, will consider whether the activity in which the expression was made is school-sponsored and whether review or prohibition of the students' speech furthers an educational purpose. The expression must be done in a reasonable time, place, and manner that is not disruptive to the orderly and efficient operation of the school district.

The superintendent may develop procedures for safely addressing qualifying types of mass protests by students, including walk-ins and walk-outs. Walk-ins occur when students leave their learning environments during school hours and gather in a group or groups with the purpose of promoting a belief or beliefs. Walk-outs occur when students leave their learning environments during school hours and gather in a group or groups off district property with the purpose of promoting a belief or beliefs.

The superintendent is encouraged to obtain feedback from community stakeholders in the development of these procedures. The goal of the procedures shall be to address student safety, maintain the education environment and promote communication during demonstrations while remaining viewpoint neutral.

Students who violate this policy may be subject to disciplinary measures. Employees are responsible for helping to ensure students' expression is in keeping with this policy. It is the responsibility of the superintendent to develop administrative regulations regarding this policy.

### Student Publications

Students may produce official school publications as part of the curriculum under the supervision of a faculty advisor and the principal. Official school publications include material produced in journalism, newspaper, yearbook, or writing classes and distributed to the student body either free or for a fee.

Any expression made by students, including student expression in official school publications, is not an expression of official school policy. The school district, the board, and the employees or officials are not liable in any civil or criminal action for any student expression made or published by students unless the employees or officials have interfered with or altered the content of the student speech or expression. The liability, if any, is only to the extent of the interference or alteration of the speech or expression.

## STUDENT EXPRESSION AND STUDENT PUBLICATIONS

Official school publications are free from prior restraint by employees or officials except as provided by law. A faculty advisor will supervise student writers to maintain professional standards of English and journalism and to comply with the law including, but not limited to, the restrictions against unlawful speech. The production of official school publications is guided by the law and by the ethical standards adopted by professional associations or societies of journalism.

Persons, other than students, who believe they have been aggrieved by student expression in a student-produced official school publication will follow the grievance procedure outlined in board policy 213.1. Students who believe their freedom of expression in a student-produced official school publication has been restricted will follow the grievance procedure outlined in board policy 502.4.

The superintendent is responsible for developing a student publications code. This code will include, but not be limited to, reasonable rules including time, place, and manner of restrictions. The superintendent will also be responsible for distributing this policy and the student publications code to the students and their parents.

***NOTE: This policy represents the current status of students' first amendment rights. This is a mandatory policy and accompanying regulation required by Iowa Code ch. 279.73. Schools are urged to handle all protests through a strictly viewpoint neutral lens. Districts should consider the need to balance opposing views. If one social issue is permitted, other opposing viewpoints should also be permitted.***

Legal Reference: U.S. Const. amend. I.  
Iowa Const. art. I (sec. 7)  
*Morse v. Frederick*, 551 U.S. 393 (2007)  
*Hazelwood School District v. Kuhlmeier*, 484 U.S. 260 (1988).  
*Bethel School District v. Fraser*, 478 U.S. 675 (1986).  
*New Jersey v. T.L.O.*, 469 U.S. 325 (1985).  
*Tinker v. Des Moines Ind. Comm. Sch. Dist.*, 393 U.S. 503 (1969).  
*Bystrom v. Fridley High School*, 822 F.2d 747 (8th Cir. 1987).  
Iowa Code §§ 279.8, .73; 280.22

Cross Reference: 102 Equal Educational Opportunity  
502 Student Rights and Responsibilities  
504 Student Activities  
603.9 Academic Freedom  
903.5 Distribution of Materials

Approved Feb. 18, 2002

Reviewed June 15, 2020

Revised September 20, 2021

## STUDENT EXPRESSION AND STUDENT PUBLICATIONS CODE

- A. **Student Expression defined:** Student Expression is speech, action or other forms of expression which convey a student's beliefs, views or opinions.
- B. **Official school publications defined:** An "official school publication" is material produced by students in journalism, newspaper, yearbook, or writing classes and distributed to students either free or for a fee.
- C. **Limitations to Student Expression**
1. No student will express, publish or distribute publication material which is:
    - a. obscene;
    - b. libelous;
    - c. slanderous; or
    - d. encourages students to:
      - 1) commit unlawful acts;
      - 2) violate lawful school regulations;
      - 3) cause the material and substantial disruption of the orderly and efficient operation of the school or school activity;
      - 4) disrupt or interfere with the education program;
      - 5) interrupt the maintenance of a disciplined atmosphere; or
      - 6) infringe on the rights of others.
- D. **Responsibilities of students for official school publications.**
1. Students writing or editing official school publications will assign and edit the news, editorial and feature contents of the official school publications subject to the limitations of the student publications code and the law.
  2. Students will strive to achieve professional standards of accuracy, fairness, objectivity and thoroughness in each and every aspect of official school publications.
  3. Students will strive to achieve professional standards of grammar, usage, punctuation and spelling for clarity and accuracy of official school publications.
- E. **Responsibilities of faculty advisors for official school publications.**
- Faculty advisors will supervise student writers to maintain professional standards of English and journalism and to comply with the law including, but not limited to, the restrictions against unlawful speech. Official school publications are produced under the supervision of a faculty advisor. Faculty advisors to students producing official school publications shall supervise the production of the student staff in order to maintain professional standards of English journalism. District employees acting within the scope of their professional ethics will not suffer adverse employment action or retaliated against for acting to protect a student for engaging in authorized student expression or for refusing to infringe on protected student expression.



STUDENT EXPRESSION AND STUDENT PUBLICATIONS CODE

F. **District employee rights**

Any District employee or official, acting within the scope of that person's professional ethics, if any, shall not be dismissed, suspended, disciplined, reassigned, transferred, subject to termination or nonrenewal of a teaching contract or extracurricular contract, or otherwise retaliated against for acting to protect a student for engaging in expression protected by law, or refusing to infringe upon student expression that is protected by law.

G. **Liability**

Student expression, including student expression in an official school publication will not be deemed to be an expression of the school district. The school district, the board, and the employees or officials are not liable in any civil or criminal action for any student expression made or published by students unless the employees or officials have interfered with or altered the content of the student expression. The liability, if any, is only to the extent of interference or alteration of the speech or expression.

H. **Appeal procedure**

1. Students who believe they have been unreasonably restricted in their exercise of expression in an official student publication will seek review of the decision through the student grievance procedure, under board policy 502.4.
2. Persons who believe they have been aggrieved by a student-produced official student publication will file their complaint through the citizen grievance procedure, under board policy 213.1.

I. **Time, place and manner of restrictions on student expression.**

1. Student expression may be conveyed and official student publications may be distributed in a reasonable manner on or off school premises.
2. Student expression and distribution of official school publications in a reasonable manner will not encourage students to:
  - a. commit unlawful acts;
  - b. violate school rules;
  - c. cause the material and substantial disruption of the orderly and efficient operation of the school district or school activity;
  - d. disrupt or interfere with the education program;
  - e. interrupt the maintenance of a disciplined atmosphere; or
  - f. infringe on the rights of others.

## STUDENT COMPLAINTS AND GRIEVANCES

Creating an environment where students feel comfortable addressing their concerns in a meaningful manner is vital to the learning process. It is the goal of the board to resolve student complaints at the lowest organizational level. Student complaints and grievances regarding board policy or administrative regulations, or other matters should first be addressed to the student's teacher or another licensed employee, other than the administration, for resolution of the complaint.

If the complaint cannot be resolved by a student's teacher or other licensed employee, the student may discuss the matter with the principal within five (5) days of the employee's decision. If the matter cannot be resolved by the principal, the student may discuss it with the superintendent within five (5) days after speaking with the principal.

If the matter is not satisfactorily resolved by the superintendent, the student may ask to have the matter placed on the board agenda of a regularly scheduled board meeting in compliance with board policy. The board retains discretion as to whether to consider or take action on any complaint.

***NOTE: There should be reasonable limits on the number of days a student has to pursue a complaint. Cross reference with the number of days listed in policy 401.4 for consistency..***

Legal Reference: Iowa Code § 279.8

Cross Reference: 210.8 Board Meeting Agenda  
213 Public Participation in Board Meetings  
502 Student Rights and Responsibilities  
504.3 Student Publications

Approved Feb. 18, 2002

Reviewed June 15, 2020

Revised November 22, 2021

## STUDENT LOCKERS

Student lockers are the property of the school district. Students will use the lockers assigned to them by the school district for storing their school materials and personal belongings necessary for attendance at school. It is the responsibility of students to keep their assigned lockers clean and undamaged.

To ensure students are properly maintaining their assigned lockers, the principal of the building may periodically inspect all or a random selection of lockers. Either students or another individual will be present during the inspection of lockers. Student lockers may also be searched, at any time and without advance notice, in compliance with board policy regulating search and seizure.

Legal Reference: Iowa Code §§ 279.8; 280.14; 808A (2005).

Cross Reference: 502 Student Rights and Responsibilities

Approved Feb. 18, 2002

Reviewed June 15, 2020

Revised Nov. 20, 2006

## WEAPONS

The board believes weapons, other dangerous objects and look-a-likes in school district facilities cause material and substantial disruption to the school environment or present a threat to the health and safety of students, employees and visitors on the school district premises or property within the jurisdiction of the school district.

School district facilities are not an appropriate place for weapons, dangerous objects and look-a-likes. Weapons and other dangerous objects and look-a-likes will be taken from students and others who bring them onto the school district property or onto property within the jurisdiction of the school district or from students who are within the control of the school district.

Parents of students found to possess weapons, dangerous objects or look-a-likes on school property are notified of the incident. Possession or confiscation of weapons or dangerous objects will be reported to law enforcement officials, and students will be subject to disciplinary action including suspension or expulsion.

Students bringing firearms to school or knowingly possessing firearms at school will be expelled for not less than one year. The superintendent has the authority to recommend this expulsion requirement be modified for students on a case-by-case basis. For purposes of this portion of this policy, the term "firearm" includes, but is not limited to, any weapon which is designed to expel a projectile by the action of an explosive, the frame or receiver of any such weapon, a muffler or silencer for such a weapon, or any explosive, incendiary or poison gas.

Weapons under the control of law enforcement officials or other individuals specially authorized by the board are exempt from this policy. The principal may allow authorized persons to display weapons, other dangerous objects or look-a-likes for educational purposes. Such a display will also be exempt from this policy. It is the responsibility of the superintendent, in conjunction with the principal, to develop administrative regulations regarding this policy.

Legal Reference: 18 U.S.C. § 921 (1994).  
Iowa Code §§ 279.8; 280.21B; 483A.27(11); 724 (2005).  
281 I.A.C. 12.3(6)

Cross Reference: 502 Student Rights and Responsibilities  
503 Student Discipline  
507 Student Health and Well-Being

Approved Feb. 18, 2002

Reviewed June 15, 2020

Revised August 21, 2017

## SMOKING - DRINKING - DRUGS

The board prohibits the distribution, dispensing, manufacture, possession, use, or being under the influence of beer, wine, alcohol, tobacco, other controlled substances, or "look alike" substances that appear to be tobacco, beer, wine, alcohol or controlled substances by students while on school district property or on property within the jurisdiction of the school district; while on school owned and/or operated school or chartered vehicles; while attending or engaged in school activities; and while away from school grounds if the misconduct will directly affect the good order, efficient management and welfare of the school district.

The board believes such illegal, unauthorized or contraband materials generally cause material and substantial disruption to the school environment or present a threat to the health and safety of students, employees, or visitors.

Violation of this policy by students will result in disciplinary action including suspension or expulsion. Use, purchase or being in possession of cigarettes, tobacco or tobacco products for those under the age of eighteen, may be reported to the local law enforcement authorities. Possession, use or being under the influence of beer, wine, alcohol and/or of a controlled substance may also be reported to the local law enforcement authorities.

Students who violate the terms of this policy may be required to satisfactorily complete a substance abuse assistance or rehabilitation program approved by the school board. If such student fails to satisfactorily complete such a program, the student may be subject to discipline including suspension or expulsion.

The board believes the substance abuse prevention program will include:

- Age-appropriate, developmentally-based drug and alcohol curriculum for students in grades kindergarten through twelve, which address the legal, social, and health consequences of tobacco, drug and alcohol use and which provide information about effective techniques for resisting peer pressure to use tobacco, drugs or alcohol;
- A statement to students that the use of illicit drugs and the unlawful possession and use of alcohol is wrong and harmful;
- Standards of conduct for students that clearly prohibit, at a minimum, the unlawful possession, use, being under the influence of or distribution of illicit drugs and alcohol by students on school premises or as part of any of its activities;
- A clear statement that disciplinary sanctions, up to and including suspension or expulsion and referral for prosecution, will be imposed on students who violate the policy and a description of those sanctions;
- A statement that students may be required to successfully complete an appropriate rehabilitation program;
- Information about drug and alcohol counseling and rehabilitation and re-entry programs available to students;
- A requirement that parents and students be given a copy of the standards of conduct and the statement of disciplinary sanctions required; and
- Notification to parents and students that compliance with the standards of conduct is mandatory.

SMOKING - DRINKING – DRUGS

It is the responsibility of the superintendent, in conjunction with the principal, to develop administrative regulations regarding this policy.

Legal Reference: 34 C.F.R. Pt. 86 (2002).  
Iowa Code §§ 123.46; 124; 279.8, .9; 453A (2005).  
281 I.A.C. 12.3(9); .5(3)(e), .5(4)(e), .5(5)(e), .5(21).

Cross Reference: 502 Student Rights and Responsibilities  
503 Student Discipline  
507 Student Health and Well-Being

Approved Feb. 20, 2002

Reviewed June 15, 2020

Revised Nov. 20, 2006

## SEARCH AND SEIZURE

School district property is held in public trust by the board. School district authorities may, without a search warrant, search students or protected student areas based on a reasonable and articulable suspicion that a school district policy, rule, regulation or law has been violated. The search is in a manner reasonable in scope to maintain order and discipline in the schools, promote the educational environment, and protect the safety and welfare of students, employees and visitors to the school district facilities. The furnishing of a locker, desk or other facility or space owned by the school and provided as a courtesy to a student, even if the student provides the lock for it, will not create a protected student area and will not give rise to an expectation of privacy with respect the locker, desk, or other facility.

School authorities may seize any illegal, unauthorized or contraband materials discovered in the search. Items of contraband may include, but are not limited to, nonprescription controlled substances, marijuana, cocaine, amphetamines, barbiturates, apparatus used for controlled substances, alcoholic beverages, tobacco, weapons, explosives, poisons and stolen property. Such items are not to be possessed by a student while they are on school district property or on property within the jurisdiction of the school district; while on school owned and/or operated school or chartered vehicles; while attending or engaged in school activities; and while away from school grounds if misconduct will directly affect the good order, efficient management and welfare of the school district. Possession of such items will be grounds for disciplinary action including suspension or expulsion and may be reported to local law enforcement officials. The board believes that illegal, unauthorized or contraband materials may cause material and substantial disruption to the school environment or presents a threat to the health and safety of students, employees, or visitors on the school district premises or property within the jurisdiction of the school district.

It is the responsibility of the superintendent, in conjunction with the principals, to develop administrative regulations regarding this policy.

Legal Reference: U.S. Const. amend. IV.  
New Jersey v. T.L.O., 469 U.S. 325 (1985).  
Cason v. Cook, 810 F.2d 188 (8th Cir. 1987), *cert. den.*, 482 U.S. 930 (1987).  
 Iowa Code ch. 808A (2005).  
 281 I.A.C. 12.3(8).

Cross Reference: 502 Student Rights and Responsibilities  
 503 Student Discipline

Approved Feb. 18, 2002

Reviewed June 15, 2020

Revised \_\_\_\_\_

SEARCH AND SEIZURE CHECKLIST

I. What factors caused you to have a reasonable and articulable suspicion that the search of this student or the student's effects or automobile would turn up evidence that the student has violated or is violating the law, school policy, rules or regulations affecting school order?

A. Eyewitness account.

1. By whom: \_\_\_\_\_
2. Date/Time: \_\_\_\_\_
3. Place: \_\_\_\_\_
4. What was seen: \_\_\_\_\_

B. Information from a reliable source.

1. From whom: \_\_\_\_\_
2. Time received: \_\_\_\_\_
3. How information was received: \_\_\_\_\_
4. Who received the information: \_\_\_\_\_
5. Describe information: \_\_\_\_\_  
\_\_\_\_\_

C. Suspicious behavior? Explain.

\_\_\_\_\_  
\_\_\_\_\_  
\_\_\_\_\_  
\_\_\_\_\_

D. Student's past history? Explain.

\_\_\_\_\_  
\_\_\_\_\_  
\_\_\_\_\_  
\_\_\_\_\_

E. Time of search: \_\_\_\_\_

F. Location of search: \_\_\_\_\_

G. Student told purpose of search: \_\_\_\_\_

H. Consent of student requested: \_\_\_\_\_



SEARCH AND SEIZURE CHECKLIST

II. Was the search you conducted reasonable in terms of scope and intrusiveness?

A. What were you searching for: \_\_\_\_\_

B. Where did you search? \_\_\_\_\_

C. Sex of the student: \_\_\_\_\_

D. Age of the student: \_\_\_\_\_

E. Exigency of the situation: \_\_\_\_\_

F. What type of search was being conducted: \_\_\_\_\_

G. Who conducted the search: \_\_\_\_\_

Position: \_\_\_\_\_ Sex: \_\_\_\_\_

H. Witness(s): \_\_\_\_\_

III. Explanation of Search.

A. Describe the time and location of the search:  
\_\_\_\_\_

B. Describe exactly what was searched:  
\_\_\_\_\_

C. What did the search yield: \_\_\_\_\_

D. What was seized: \_\_\_\_\_

E. Were any materials turned over to law enforcement officials?  
\_\_\_\_\_

F. Were parents notified of the search including the reason for it and the scope:  
\_\_\_\_\_

## SEARCH AND SEIZURE REGULATION

### I. Searches, in general.

- A. Reasonable and Articulate Suspicion: A search of a student will be justified when there are reasonable grounds for the suspicion that the search will turn up evidence that the student has violated or is violating the law or school district policy, rules, or regulations affecting school order.

Reasonable suspicion may be formed by considering factors such as the following:

- (1) eyewitness observations by employees;
- (2) information received from reliable sources;
- (3) suspicious behavior by the student; or,
- (4) the student's past history and school record although this factor alone is not sufficient to provide the basis for reasonable suspicion.

- B. Reasonable Scope: A search will be permissible in its scope or intrusiveness when the measures adopted are reasonably related to the objectives of the search. Reasonableness of scope or intrusiveness may be determined based on factors such as the following:

- (1) the age of the student;
- (2) the sex of the student;
- (3) the nature of the infraction; and
- (4) the emergency requiring the search without delay.

### II. Types of Searches

#### A. Personal Searches

1. A student's person and/or personal effects (e.g., purse, backpack, etc.) may be searched when a school official has reasonable suspicion to believe the student is in possession of illegal or contraband items or has violated school district policies, rules, regulations or the law affecting school order.
2. Personally intrusive searches will require more compelling circumstances to be considered reasonable.
  - (a) Pat-Down Search: If a pat-down search or a search of a student's garments (such as jackets, socks, pockets, etc.) is conducted, it will be conducted in private by a school official of the same sex as the student and with another adult witness of the same sex present, when feasible.
  - (b) A more intrusive search, short of a strip search, of the student's person, handbags, book bags, etc., is permissible in emergency situations when the health and safety of students, employees, or visitors are threatened. Such a search may only be conducted in private by a school official of the same sex as the student, with an adult of the same sex present unless the health or safety of students will be endangered by the delay which may be caused by following these procedures.

## SEARCH AND SEIZURE REGULATION

### B. Locker and Desk Inspections

Although school lockers and desks are temporarily assigned to individual students, they remain the property of the school district at all times. The school district has a reasonable and valid interest in insuring the lockers and desks are properly maintained. For this reason, lockers and desks are subject to unannounced inspections and students have no legitimate expectations of privacy in the locker or desk. Periodic inspections of all or a random selection of lockers or desks may be conducted by school officials in the presence of the student or another individual. Any contraband discovered during such searches will be confiscated by school officials and may be turned over to law enforcement officials.

The contents of a student's locker or desk (coat, backpack, purse, etc.) may be searched when a school official has reasonable and articulable suspicion that the contents contains illegal or contraband items or evidence of a violation of law or school policy or rule. Such searches should be conducted in the presence of another adult witness when feasible.

### C. Automobile Searches

Students are permitted to park on school premises as a matter of privilege, not of right. The school retains authority to conduct routine patrols of the student parking lots. The interior of a student's automobile on the school premises may be searched if the school official has reasonable and articulable suspicion to believe that illegal, unauthorized or contraband items are contained inside.

## INTERVIEWS OF STUDENTS BY OUTSIDE AGENCIES

Generally, students may not be interviewed during the school day by persons other than parents and school district officials and employees.

Requests from law enforcement officers and from persons other than parents, school district officials, and employees to interview students are made through the principal's office. Upon receiving a request, it is the responsibility of the principal to determine whether the request will be granted. Generally, prior to granting a request, the principal will attempt to contact the parents to inform them of the request and to ask them to be present.

If a child abuse investigator wishes to interview a student, the principal will defer to the investigator's judgment as to whether the student should be interviewed independently from the student's parents, whether the school is the most appropriate setting for the interview, and who will be present during the interview.

Students will not be taken from school without the consent of the principal and without proper warrant.

Legal Reference: Iowa Code §§ 232; 280.17 (2005).  
281 I.A.C. 102.  
441 I.A.C. 9.2; 155; 175.  
1980 Op. Att'y Gen. 275.

Cross Reference: 402.2 Child Abuse Reporting  
502.10 Search and Seizure  
503 Student Discipline  
902.4 Students and the News Media

Approved Feb. 18, 2002

Reviewed June 15, 2020

Revised Nov. 20, 2006

## USE OF MOTOR VEHICLES

The board recognizes the convenience to families and students of having students drive to and park at their school attendance center. Driving a motor vehicle to and parking it at the student's attendance center is a privilege.

Students who drive to and park at their school attendance center shall only drive to and park at their designated attendance center or at either their attendance center or a shared district's attendance center for the purpose of attending extracurricular activities. Students may not loiter around or be in their vehicle during the school day without permission from the principal. Students shall leave their attendance center when there is no longer a legitimate reason for them to be at their attendance center. Students who drive shall enter and leave the parking lot by the routes designated by the principal.

Students who live within one mile of school, and would not otherwise be eligible for a student driving permit, may be eligible for a student driving permit, for driving to and from school and school activities and practices, if the student is involved in extracurricular activities or if a school official has reviewed an application and has determined that a special or extraordinary circumstance exists. A blanket waiver of the one-mile rule is not appropriate, according to the Iowa Department of Transportation.

Students who wish to drive to and park at their school attendance center shall comply with the rules and regulations established by the building principal. Failure to comply with this policy or the school district rules shall be reason for revocation of school driving and parking privileges as well as other disciplinary action including suspension and expulsion.

Legal Reference: Iowa Code §§ 279.8; 321 (2005).

Cross Reference: 502 Student Rights and Responsibilities

Approved Feb. 18, 2002

Reviewed June 15, 2020

Revised Aug. 18, 2014

## STUDENT CONDUCT

The board believes inappropriate student conduct causes material and substantial disruption to the school environment, interferes with the rights of others, or presents a threat to the health and safety of students, employees, and visitors on school premises. Appropriate classroom behavior allows teachers to communicate more effectively with students.

Students will conduct themselves in a manner fitting to their age level and maturity and with respect and consideration for the rights of others while on school district property or on property within the jurisdiction of the school district; while on school owned and/or operated school or chartered vehicles; while attending or engaged in school activities; and while away from school grounds if misconduct will directly affect the good order, efficient management and welfare of the school district. Consequences for the misconduct will be fair and developmentally appropriate in light of the circumstances.

Students who fail to abide by this policy, and the administrative regulations supporting it, may be disciplined for conduct which disrupts or interferes with the education program; conduct which disrupts the orderly and efficient operation of the school district or school activity; conduct which disrupts the rights of other students to participate in or obtain their education; conduct that is violent or destructive; or conduct which interrupts the maintenance of a disciplined atmosphere. Disciplinary measures include, but are not limited to, removal from the classroom, detention, suspension, probation, and expulsion.

A student who commits an assault against an employee on school district property or on property within the jurisdiction of the school district; while on school-owned or school-operated chartered vehicles; or while attending or engaged in school district activities will be suspended by the principal. Notice of the suspension is sent to the board president. The board will review the suspension and decide whether to hold a disciplinary hearing to determine whether to impose further sanctions against the student which may include expulsion. In making its decision, the board shall consider the best interests of the school district, which shall include what is best to protect and ensure the safety of the school employees and students from the student committing the assault. Assault for purposes of this section of this policy is defined as, when, without justification, a student does any of the following:

- an act which is intended to cause pain or injury to, or which is intended to result in physical contact which will be insulting or offensive to another, coupled with the apparent ability to execute the act; or
- any act which is intended to place another in fear of immediate physical contact which will be painful, injurious, insulting or offensive, coupled with the apparent ability to execute the act; or
- intentionally points any firearm toward another or displays in a threatening manner any dangerous weapon toward another.

The act is not an assault when the person doing any of the above and the other person are voluntary participants in a sport, social or other activity, not in itself criminal, when the act is a reasonably foreseeable incident of such sport or activity, and does not create an unreasonable risk of serious injury or breach of the peace.

Removal from the classroom means a student is sent to the building principal's office. It is within the discretion of the person in charge of the classroom to remove the student. This policy is not intended to address the use of therapeutic classrooms or seclusion rooms for students.

Detention means the student's presence is required during non-school hours for disciplinary purposes. The student can be required to appear prior to the beginning of the school day, after school has been dismissed for the day, or on a non-school day. Whether a student will serve detention, and the length of the detention, is within the discretion of the licensed employee or the building principal, disciplining the student.

## STUDENT CONDUCT

Suspension means; either an in-school suspension, an out-of-school suspension, a restriction from activities or loss of eligibility. An in-school suspension means the student will attend school but will be temporarily isolated from one or more classes while under supervision. An in-school suspension will not exceed ten consecutive school days. An out-of-school suspension means the student is removed from the school environment, which includes school classes and activities. An out-of-school suspension will not exceed ten consecutive school days. A restriction from school activities means a student will attend school and classes and practice but will not participate in school activities.

Probation means a student is given a conditional suspension of a penalty for a definite period of time in addition to being reprimanded. The conditional suspension will mean the student must meet the conditions and terms for the suspension of the penalty. Failure of the student to meet these conditions and terms will result in immediate reinstatement of the penalty.

Expulsion means an action by the board to remove a student from the school environment, which includes, but is not limited to, classes and activities, for a period of time set by the board.

Discipline of special education students, including suspensions and expulsions, will comply with the provisions of applicable federal and state laws.

It is the responsibility of the superintendent, in conjunction with the principal, to develop administrative regulations regarding this policy.

***NOTE: This is a mandatory policy and outlines the school district's basic student conduct. Details of how this policy will be implemented should be included in the student handbook. The paragraph regarding assault of school district employees is Iowa law. For more detailed discussion of this issue, see IASB's Policy Primer, October 10, 2002.***

Legal Reference: *Goss v. Lopez*, 419 U.S. 565 (1975).  
*Brands v. Sheldon Community School District*, 671 F. Supp. 627 (N.D. Iowa 1987).  
*Sims v. Colfax Comm. School Dist.*, 307 F. Supp. 485 (Iowa 1970).  
*Bunger v. Iowa High School Athletic Assn.*, 197 N.W.2d 555 (Iowa 1972).  
*Board of Directors of Ind. School Dist. of Waterloo v. Green*, 259 Iowa 1260, 147 N.W.2d 854 (1967).  
 Iowa Code §§ 279.8;282.3, 282.4, 282.5; 708.1.  
 281 I.A.C. 12.3(6)

Cross Reference: 501 Student Attendance  
 502 Student Rights and Responsibilities  
 504 Student Activities  
 506.3 Physical Restraint and Seclusion of Students  
 603.3 Special Education  
 903.5 Distribution of Materials

Approved April 29, 2002

Reviewed June 15, 2020

Revised Feb 15, 2021

## STUDENT SUSPENSION

### Administrative Action

#### A. Probation

1. Probation is conditional suspension of a penalty for a set period of time. Probation may be imposed by the principal for infractions of school rules which do not warrant the necessity of removal from school.
2. The principal will conduct an investigation of the allegations against the student prior to imposition of probation. The investigation will include, but not be limited to, written or oral notice to the student of the allegations against the student and an opportunity to respond. Written notice and reasons for the probation will be sent to the parents.

#### B. In-School Suspension

1. In-school suspension is the temporary isolation of a student from one or more classes while under administrative supervision. In-school suspensions may be imposed by the principal for infractions of school rules which are serious but which do not warrant the necessity of removal from school.
2. The principal will conduct an investigation of the allegations against the student prior to imposition of an in-school suspension. The investigation will include, but not be limited to, written or oral notice to the student of the allegations against the student and an opportunity to respond. In-school suspension will not be imposed for more than ten school days. Written notice and reasons for the in-school suspension will be sent to the student's parents.

#### C. Out-of-School Suspension

1. Out-of-school suspension is the removal of a student from the school environment for periods of short duration. Out-of-school suspension is to be used when other available school resources are unable to constructively remedy student misconduct.
2. A student may be suspended out of school for up to ten school days by a principal for a commission of gross or repeated infractions of school rules, regulations, policy or the law, or when the presence of the student will cause interference with the maintenance of the educational environment or the operation of the school. The principal may suspend students after conducting an investigation of the charges against the student, giving the student:
  - a. Oral or written notice of the allegations against the student and
  - b. The opportunity to respond to those charges.

At the principal's discretion, the student may be allowed to confront witnesses against the student or present witnesses on behalf of the student.



## STUDENT SUSPENSION

3. Notice of the out-of-school suspension will be mailed no later than the end of the school day following the suspension to the student's parents and the superintendent. A reasonable effort is made to personally notify the student's parents and such effort is documented by the person making or attempting to make the contact. Written notice to the parents will include the circumstances which led to the suspension and a copy of the board policy and rules pertaining to the suspension.

### D. Suspensions and Special Education Students

1. Students who have been identified as special education students may be referred for a review of the student's Individual Education Program (IEP). The IEP may be revised to include a continuum of intervention strategies and programming to change the behavior.
2. Students who have not been identified as special education students may be referred for evaluation after the student's suspension to determine whether the student has a disability and is in need of special education.

## EXPULSION

Only the board may remove a student from the school environment. The removal of a student from the school environment, which includes, but is not limited to, classes and activities, is an expulsion from school.

Students may be expelled for violations of board policy, school rules or the law. It is within the discretion of the board to discipline a student by using an expulsion for a single offense or for a series of offenses depending on the nature of the offense and the circumstances surrounding the offense.

It is within the discretion of the superintendent to recommend to the board the expulsion of a student for disciplinary purposes. Only the board may take action to expel a student and to readmit the student. The principal will keep records of expulsions in addition to the board's records.

When a student is recommended for expulsion by the board, the student is provided with:

1. Notice of the reasons for the proposed expulsion;
2. The names of the witnesses and an oral or written report on the facts to which each witness testifies unless the witnesses are students whose names may be released at the discretion of the superintendent;
3. An opportunity to present a defense against the charges and provide either oral testimony or written affidavits of witnesses on the student's behalf;
4. The right to be represented by counsel; and,
5. The results and finding of the board in writing open to the student's inspection.

In addition to these procedures, a special education student must be provided with additional procedures. A determination should be made of whether the student is actually guilty of the misconduct. A staffing team should determine whether the student's behavior is caused by the student's disability and whether the conduct is the result of inappropriate placement. Discussions and conclusions of this meeting should be recorded.

If the special education student's conduct is not caused by the disability, the student may be expelled or suspended for a long-term period following written notice to the parent and pursuant to the school district's expulsion hearing procedures. If the misconduct is caused by the disability and a change in placement is recommended, the change must be made pursuant to the placement procedures used by the school district.

Legal Reference: Goss v. Lopez, 419 U.S. 565 (1975).  
Wood v. Strickland, 420 U.S. 308 (1975).  
Southeast Warren Comm. School District v. Dept. of Public Instruction, 285 N.W.2d 173 (Iowa 1979).  
Iowa Code §§ 21.5; 282.3, .4, .5 (2005).  
281 I.A.C. 12.3(6).

Cross Reference: 502 Student Rights and Responsibilities  
503 Student Discipline

Approved April 29, 2002

Reviewed June 15, 2020

Revised Dec. 18, 2006

FINES - FEES - CHARGES

The board believes students should respect school district property and assist in its preservation for future use by others. Students may be assessed fines, charges, or fees for the materials needed in a course, for overdue school materials, for participating in activities, or for misuse of school property.

The superintendent will inform the board of the dollar amount to be charged to students or others for fines, charges, or fees annually. Parents of students meeting specific financial eligibility standards will be eligible for a waiver of student fees or a reduction of student fees based upon the request of the parent. It is the responsibility of the superintendent, in conjunction with the principal, to develop administrative regulations regarding this policy.

Legal Reference: Iowa Code §§ 256.7(20); 279.8; 280.10, .11; 282.6; 285.1; 301.1 (2005).  
281 I.A.C. 18.  
1994 Op. Att'y Gen. 23.  
1990 Op. Att'y Gen. 79.  
1982 Op. Att'y Gen. 227.  
1980 Op. Att'y Gen. 532.

Cross Reference: 501.17 Homeless Children & Youth  
502 Student Rights and Responsibilities  
503 Student Discipline

Approved April 29, 2002

Reviewed June 15, 2020

Revised \_\_\_\_\_

# STANDARD FEE WAIVER APPLICATION

All information provided in connection with this application will be kept confidential.

Name of Student(s)	Grade in School:	Bldg(s): If Elem. LPC or DG
_____	_____	_____
_____	_____	_____
_____	_____	_____

Parent/guardian \_\_\_\_\_  
or legal or actual custodian

Please check type of waiver desired:  
Full waiver \_\_\_\_\_ Partial waiver \_\_\_\_\_ Temporary waiver \_\_\_\_\_

Please check if the student or the student's family meets the financial eligibility criteria or is involved in one of the following programs:

- Full waiver
- \_\_\_ Free meals offered under the Children Nutrition Program (CNP)
  - \_\_\_ The Family Investment Program (FIP)
  - \_\_\_ Transportation assistance under open enrollment
  - \_\_\_ Foster care

Partial waiver \_\_\_\_\_ Reduced priced meals offered under the Child Nutrition Program

Temporary waiver

If none of the above apply, but you wish to apply for a temporary waiver of school fees because of serious financial problems, please state the reason for the request:

\_\_\_\_\_

\_\_\_\_\_

Signature of parent/guardian: \_\_\_\_\_ or  
legal or actual custodian

Note: Your signature is required for the release of information regarding the student or the student's family financial eligibility for the programs checked above.

\*\*\*\*\*

\*\*\*\*\* **To be completed by the School District:**

**Eligible for:**  
\_\_\_ **Full waiver due to:**

- \_\_\_ Free meals offered under the Children Nutrition Program (CNP)
- \_\_\_ The Family Investment Program (FIP)
- \_\_\_ Transportation assistance under open enrollment
- \_\_\_ Foster care

\_\_\_ **Partial waiver due to:** Reduced priced meals offered under the Child Nutrition Program

\_\_\_ **Temporary waiver due to:** financial difficulty of family, as indicated above

**UNION COMMUNITY SCHOOLS**

# STANDARD FEE WAIVER APPLICATION

All information provided in connection with this application will be kept confidential.

Name of Student(s)	Grade in School:	Bldg(s): If Elem. LPC or DG
_____	_____	_____
_____	_____	_____
_____	_____	_____

Parent/guardian \_\_\_\_\_  
or legal or actual custodian

Please check type of waiver desired:  
Full waiver \_\_\_\_\_ Partial waiver \_\_\_\_\_ Temporary waiver \_\_\_\_\_

Please check if the student or the student's family meets the financial eligibility criteria or is involved in one of the following programs:

Full waiver

- \_\_\_\_\_ Free meals offered under the Children Nutrition Program (CNP)
- \_\_\_\_\_ The Family Investment Program (FIP)
- \_\_\_\_\_ Transportation assistance under open enrollment
- \_\_\_\_\_ Foster care

Partial waiver

- \_\_\_\_\_ Reduced priced meals offered under the Child Nutrition Program

Temporary waiver

If none of the above apply, but you wish to apply for a temporary waiver of school fees because of serious financial problems, please state the reason for the request:

\_\_\_\_\_

\_\_\_\_\_

Signature of parent/guardian: \_\_\_\_\_  
or legal or actual custodian

Note: Your signature is required for the release of information regarding the student or the student's family financial eligibility for the programs checked above.

\*\*\*\*\*

**To be completed by the School District:**

**Eligible for:**

- \_\_\_\_\_ **Full waiver due to:**
  - \_\_\_\_\_ Free meals offered under the Children Nutrition Program (CNP)
  - \_\_\_\_\_ The Family Investment Program (FIP)
  - \_\_\_\_\_ Transportation assistance under open enrollment
  - \_\_\_\_\_ Foster care
- \_\_\_\_\_ **Partial waiver due to:** Reduced priced meals offered under the Child Nutrition Program
- \_\_\_\_\_ **Temporary waiver due to:** financial difficulty of family, as indicated above

## STUDENT FEE WAIVER AND REDUCTION PROCEDURES

The board recognizes that while certain fees charged students are appropriate and authorized, certain students and their families are not financially able to pay the fees. The school district will grant either full waivers, partial waivers or temporary waivers depending upon the circumstances and the student or student's parents' ability to meet the financial criteria.

- A. Waivers -
  - 1. Full Waivers - a student will be granted a full waiver of fees charged by the school district if the student or student's parents meet the financial eligibility criteria for free meals under the Child Nutrition program, Family Investment Program, or transportation assistance under open enrollment. Students in foster care are also eligible for full waivers.
  - 2. Partial Waivers - a student will be granted a partial waiver of fees charged by the school district if the student or the student's parents meet the financial eligibility criteria for reduced price meals offered under the Child Nutrition program. A partial waiver is based on the same percentage as the reduced price meals.
  - 3. Temporary Waivers - a student may be eligible for a temporary waiver of fees charged by the district in the event the student's parents are facing financial difficulty. Temporary waivers may be applied for at any time throughout the school year and will not extend beyond the end of the school year.
- B. Application - Parents or students eligible for a fee waiver will make an application on the form provided by the school district. Applications may be made at any time but must be renewed annually.
- C. Confidentiality - The school district will treat the application and application process as any other student record and student confidentiality and access provisions will be followed.
- D. Appeals - Denials of a waiver may be appealed to the superintendent of schools.
- E. Fines or charges assessed for damage or loss to school property are not fees and will not be waived.
- F. Notice - the school district will annually notify parents and students of the waiver. The following information will be included in registration materials.

Students whose families meet the income guidelines for free and reduced price lunch, the Family Investment Program (FIP), or transportation assistance under open enrollment, or who are in foster care are eligible to have their student fees waived or partially waived. Students whose families are experiencing a temporary financial difficulty may be eligible for a temporary waiver of student fees. Parents or students who believe they may qualify for temporary financial hardship should contact the principal for a waiver form. This waiver does not carry over from year to year and must be completed annually.

### Donation for Student Fees or Meals

The Union Community School District accepts donations for student fees or meal accounts. If an individual or organization wishes to make payment for a specific student(s) account, the District encourages the donor to contact the parent/guardian to arrange payment. However, if the District receives a check with instructions to apply payment to a specific student(s) account, the District will follow the guidance in the instructions. All other donations will be equally pro-rated across all student accounts exceeding the negative \$10.00 policy in the following order: elementary free and reduced students, middle school free and reduced students, high school free and reduced students, elementary students, middle school students, and high school students. All remaining funds will be pro-rated across all remaining meal accounts with a deficit balance. Should any funds remain they will be pro-rated and applied to student registration fees.

It is the intent of this guidance to alleviate negative lunch balances that cause students to be unable to participate in the school lunch program.

Donations will be applied at the end of each month.



GOOD CONDUCT RULE

Participation in school activities is a privilege. School activities provide the benefits of promoting additional interests and abilities in the students during their school years and for their lifetimes.

Students who participate in extracurricular activities serve as ambassadors of the school district throughout the calendar year, whether away from school or at school. Students who wish to have the privilege of participating in extracurricular activities must conduct themselves in accordance with board policy and must refrain from activities which are illegal, immoral or unhealthy.

Students who fail to abide by this policy and the administrative regulations supporting it may be subject to disciplinary measures. The principal will keep records of violations of the good conduct rule.

It is the responsibility of the superintendent to develop rules and regulations for school activities. Students wanting to participate in school activities must meet the requirements set out by the school district for participation in the activity.

Legal Reference: Bunger v. Iowa High School Athletic Assn., 197 N.W.2d 555 (Iowa 1972).  
In re Jason Clark, 1 D.P.I. App. Dec. 167 (1978).  
Iowa Code §§ 280.13, .13A (2005).  
281 I.A.C. 12.3(6); 36.15(1).

Cross Reference: 502 Student Rights and Responsibilities  
503 Student Discipline  
504 Student Activities

Approved April 29, 2002

Reviewed June 15, 2020

Revised Dec. 18, 2006

## CORPORAL PUNISHMENT, MECHANICAL RESTRAINT AND PRONE RESTRAINT

The use of corporal punishment, mechanical restraint and/or prone restraint is prohibited in all schools. Corporal punishment is defined as the intentional physical punishment of a student. It includes the use of unreasonable or unnecessary physical force or physical contact made with the intent to harm or cause pain. No employee is prohibited from any of the following which are not considered corporal punishment:

- Using reasonable and necessary force, not designed or intended to cause pain, in order to accomplish any of the following:
  - To quell a disturbance or prevent an act that threatens physical harm to any person.
  - To obtain possession of a weapon or other dangerous object(s) within a student's control.
  - For the purposes of self-defense or defense of others as provided for in Iowa Code section 704.3.
  - For the protection of property as provided for in IOWA CODE section 704.4 or 704.5.
  - To remove a disruptive student from class or any area of school premises or from school-sponsored activities off school premises.
  - To protect a student from the self-infliction of harm.
  - To protect the safety of others.
- Using incidental, minor, or reasonable physical contact to maintain order and control.

Mechanical restraint means the use of a device as a means of restricting a student's freedom of movement. Mechanical restraint does not mean a device used by a trained individual for specific approved therapeutic or safety purposes for which the device was designed and, if applicable, prescribed, including restraints for medical immobilization, adaptive devices or mechanical supports used to allow greater freedom of mobility than would be possible without use of such devices or mechanical supports; and vehicle safety restraints when used as intended during the transport of a student in a moving vehicle.

Prone restraint means any restraint in which the student is held face down on the floor.

Reasonable force should be commensurate with the circumstances of the situation. The following factors should be considered in using reasonable physical force for the reasons stated in this policy:

1. The size and physical, mental, and psychological condition of the student;
2. The nature of the student's behavior or misconduct provoking the use of physical force;
3. The instrumentality used in applying the physical force;
4. The extent and nature of resulting injury to the student, if any, including mental and psychological injury;
5. The motivation of the school employee using physical force.

Upon request, the student's parents are given an explanation of the reasons for physical force.

It is the responsibility of the superintendent to develop administrative regulations regarding this policy.

## PHYSICAL RESTRAINT AND SECLUSION OF STUDENTS

It is the goal of the district that all students can learn and grow in a safe and peaceful environment that nurtures the student and models respect for oneself and others. On occasion, trained district employees and others may have to use behavior management interventions, physical restraint and/or seclusion of students. The goal of these interventions is to promote the dignity, care, safety, welfare and security of each child and the school community. With this objective in mind, the district will prioritize the use of the least restrictive behavioral interventions appropriate for the situation.

Physical restraint means a personal restriction that immobilizes or reduces the ability of a student to move the student's arms, legs, body, or head freely. Physical restraint does not mean a technique used by trained school personnel, or used by a student, for the specific and approved therapeutic or safety purposes for which the technique was designed and, if applicable, prescribed. Physical restraint does not include instructional strategies, such as physically guiding a student during an educational task, hand-shaking, hugging, or other non-disciplinary physical contact.

Seclusion means the involuntary confinement of a child in a seclusion room or area from which the child is prevented or prohibited from leaving; however, preventing a child from leaving a classroom or school building are not considered seclusion. Seclusion does not include instances when a school employee is present within the room and providing services to the child, such as crisis intervention or instruction.

Physical restraint or seclusion is reasonable or necessary only:

- To prevent or terminate an imminent threat of bodily injury to the student or others; or
- To prevent serious damage to property of significant monetary value or significant nonmonetary value or importance; or
- When the student's actions seriously disrupt the learning environment or when physical restraint or seclusion is necessary to ensure the safety of the student or others; and
- When less restrictive alternatives to seclusion or physical restraint would not be effective, would not be feasible under the circumstances, or have failed in preventing or terminating the imminent threat or behavior; and
- When the physical restraint or seclusion complies with all applicable laws.

Prior to using physical restraint or seclusion, employees must receive training in accordance with the law. Any individual who is not employed by the district but whose duties could require the individual to use or be present during the use of physical restraint or seclusion on a student will be invited to participate in the same training offered to employees on this topic.

When required by law, the superintendent or the superintendent's designee will ensure a post-occurrence debriefing meeting is held, maintain documentation and fulfill all reporting requirements for each occurrence of physical restraint or seclusion as required by law.

***NOTE: This policy is not mandatory. However, there are specific requirements for school districts to fulfill before and after using physical restraint and seclusion with students. Administrators should thoroughly read and understand the requirements listed in Chapter 103 of the Iowa Administrative Code.***

Legal Reference: Iowa Code §§ 279.8; 280.21.  
281 I.A.C. 103.

Cross Reference: 402.3 Abuse of Students by School District Employees  
502 Student Rights and Responsibilities  
503 Student Discipline  
503.5 Corporal Punishment

Approved February 15, 2021

Reviewed \_\_\_\_\_

Revised \_\_\_\_\_

## USE OF PHYSICAL RESTRAINT AND SECLUSION WITH STUDENTS

The District will comply with 281 *Iowa Administrative Code* Ch. 103 for the use of physical restraint and seclusion with students, including, but not limited to:

- Physical restraint and seclusion will be used only by employees who have been trained in accordance with applicable law unless a trained employee is not immediately available due to the unforeseeable nature of the occurrence.
- As soon as practical after the situation is under control, but within one hour after either the occurrence or the end of the school day, whichever occurs first, the school will attempt to contact the student's parent or guardian using the school's emergency contact system.
- The seclusion or physical restraint is used only for as long as necessary based on research and evidence to allow the student to regain control of their behavior to the point that the threat or behavior necessitating the use of the seclusion or physical restraint has ended, or when a medical condition occurs that puts the student at risk of harm. Unless otherwise provided for in the student's written approved IEP, BIP, IHP or safety plan, if the seclusion or physical restraint continues for more than 15 minutes:
  - The student will be provided with any necessary breaks to attend to personal and bodily needs, unless doing so would endanger the child or others.
  - An employee will obtain approval from an administrator or administrator's designee to continue seclusion or physical restraint beyond 15 minutes. After the initial approval, an employee must obtain additional approval every 30 minutes thereafter for the continuation of the seclusion or physical restraint.
  - The student's parent or guardian and the school may agree to more frequent notifications than is required by law.
  - Schools and district employees must document and explain in writing the reasons why it was not possible for the employees to obtain approval, notify parents, or take action within prescribed time limits.
  - Schools and district employees who begin and then end use of nonapproved restraints will document and explain in writing the reasons why they had no other option but to use this type of behavioral intervention.
- The area of seclusion will be a designated seclusion room that complies with the seclusion room requirements in accordance with law, unless the nature of the occurrence makes the use of the designated seclusion room impossible, clearly impractical, or clearly contrary to the safety of the student, others, or both; in that event, the school must document and explain in writing the reasons why a designated seclusion room was not used.
- An employee must continually visually monitor the student for the duration of the seclusion or physical restraint.
- If an employee restrains a student who uses sign language or an augmentive mode of communication as the student's primary mode of communication, the student shall be permitted to have the student's hands free of physical restraint, unless doing so is not feasible in view of the threat posed.
- Seclusion or physical restraint shall not be used: as punishment or discipline; to force compliance or to retaliate; as a substitute for appropriate educational or behavioral support; to prevent property damage except as provided in law; as a routine school safety measure; or as a convenience to staff.

- The Superintendent or the Superintendent's designee will investigate any complaint or allegation that one or more employees violated any provisions of 281 Iowa Administrative Code Ch. 103. If the District determines a violation has occurred, corrective action will be taken up to and including termination of the employees involved. If the allegation or complaint involves a specific student the District will notify the parents or guardian of the involved student about the results of the investigation. If any allegation or complaint is also defined as abuse in 281 *Iowa Administrative Code* 102.2, the procedures listed in chapter 102 will apply.
- The District must comply with and implement Chapter 103 whether or not a parent consents to the use of physical restraint or seclusion.



Describe any less restrictive means attempted as an alternative to physical restraint and seclusion or why those means would not be effective or feasible, or have failed:			
Approval from administrator to continue physical restraint or seclusion past 15 minutes:		Approval obtained from administrator to continue physical restraint or seclusion more than 30 minutes past last approval time:	
Administrator approving:		Administrator approving:	
Time approved:		Time approved:	
Reasons for length of incident:		Reasons for length of incident:	
If Administrator approval was not obtained at 15 minutes or every 30 minutes thereafter, or a student was not provided with breaks for bodily needs in incidents lasting longer than 15 minutes, explain why:			
Parent/Guardian notification: Parents/Guardians will be notified as soon as practicable once the occurrence is under control, but no more than one hour after, or the end of the school day, whichever occurs first. Space below for documenting multiple attempts to notify guardians is listed in case the guardian cannot be reached in the first attempt.			
Employee attempting notification:	Parent/Guardian contacted:	Time and manner of attempted notification:	Was notification successful?
Employee attempting notification:	Parent/Guardian contacted:	Time and manner of attempted notification:	Was notification successful?
Employee attempting notification:	Parent/Guardian contacted:	Time and manner of attempted notification:	Was notification successful?
If Parent/Guardian notification requirements were not complied with, explain why:			
Describe injuries sustained or property damaged by students or employees:			



Describe future approaches to address student behavior including any consequences or disciplinary actions that may be imposed on the student:

This form has been reviewed and completed by the undersigned employee. A written copy of this form has been sent to the student’s parent or guardian within three school days of the occurrence. Unless the parent or guardian agrees to receive the report by email, fax, or hand delivery, the report must be sent by mail and postmarked by the third day following the occurrence. Enclosed with a copy of this form is an invitation for the parents or guardians to participate in the debriefing meeting scheduled in accordance with the law.

\_\_\_\_\_  
Employee

\_\_\_\_\_  
Date of form delivered to Parent/Guardian

\_\_\_\_\_  
Method of Transmittal

DEBRIEFING LETTER TO GUARDIAN OF STUDENT INVOLVED IN AN OCCURRENCE WHERE PHYSICAL RESTRAINT AND/OR SECLUSION WAS USED

Dear [Guardian],

Recently, your student [*name*] was involved in an occurrence at school that required the physical restraint and/or seclusion of your student as defined by 281 Iowa Administrative Code Ch. 103. A report related to this occurrence is enclosed with this letter.

The law requires debriefing meetings be held for such occurrences in the following circumstances:

- following the first instance of seclusion or physical restraint during a school year;
- When any personal injury occurs as a part of the use of seclusion or physical restraint;
- When a reasonable educator would determine a debriefing session is necessary;
- When suggested by a student’s IEP team;
- When agreed to by the guardian and school officials; and
- After seven instances of seclusion or physical restraint of the student.

This letter is intended to inform you that a debriefing meeting will be held on [*date within 5 days of transmission of letter, time, place*] because of [*reason from bulleted list above*]. The following employees will be in attendance at this meeting: [*list names and titles of employees*]. We are inviting you to attend this debriefing meeting to engage with us on topics related to this occurrence.

If you would like to reschedule the debriefing meeting, please contact me as soon as possible via email [*email address*] or telephone [*telephone number*], and at least one school day prior to the date and time listed for this debriefing meeting. Your student is allowed to attend this meeting with your consent, and you are welcome to bring a representative of your choosing if you wish. If you plan to bring a representative to this meeting, please let us know at least one school day prior to the meeting so that we have an opportunity to make arrangements. We look forward to working with you to foster the continued health, safety and educational growth of your student.

---

[*Administrator name*], title

---

Date

Enclosure: Report related to student occurrence

This letter and the enclosed report may be transmitted electronically via email or fax, picked up in person, or mailed. If the district and the guardian do not agree on how to transmit this letter, it must be mailed via postage prepaid, first class mail to the guardian within 3 school days of the occurrence.

DEBRIEFING MEETING DOCUMENT

Student name:		Date of occurrence:	
Date of debriefing meeting:		Time of debriefing meeting:	
Location of debriefing meeting:			
Names of individuals attending the debriefing meeting (must include the employees involved and at least one employee who was not involved):		Job title of employee and/or relation to student:	
Documentation reviewed during meeting (must include at least the occurrence report; and BIP, IHP, IEP and/or safety plan if applicable):			
Identification of patterns of behavior and proportionate response, if any, in the student and employees involved:			
Possible alternative responses, if any, to the incident/less restrictive means, if any:			

Additional resources, if any, that could facilitate those alternative responses in the future:
Plans for additional follow up actions, if any:

This form has been reviewed and completed by the undersigned employee. A written copy of this form has been sent to the student’s guardian within three school days of the debriefing meeting.

\_\_\_\_\_  
Employee

\_\_\_\_\_  
Date of delivered to Parent/Guardian

\_\_\_\_\_  
Method of Transmittal

*The following individuals must attend the debriefing meeting: employees who administered physical restraint or seclusion; an administrator or employee not involved in the occurrence; the administrator or employee who approved continuation of the physical restraint or seclusion; other relevant personnel designated by the school; if indicated by student’s behavior in occurrence, an expert in behavioral/mental health or other discipline. The following individuals must be invited to attend the debriefing meeting: the parent or guardian of the student, the student with guardian’s consent.*

## STUDENT GOVERNMENT

The student council provides for student activities, serves as a training experience for student leaders, promotes the common good, gives students a share in the management of the school, develops high ideals of personal conduct, acts as a clearinghouse for student activities, seeks to interest students in school district affairs and helps solve problems that may arise. Members of the council are student representatives who have direct access to the administration.

The principal, in conjunction with the students and licensed employees, will set forth the guidelines for the student government's elections, operations, and other elements of the government.

Legal Reference: Iowa Code § 279.8 (2005).

Cross Reference: 502 Student Rights and Responsibilities  
504 Student Activities

Approved April 29, 2002

Reviewed June 15, 2020

Revised Dec. 18, 2006

## STUDENT ORGANIZATIONS

Secondary school student-initiated, noncurriculum-related groups and student curriculum-related groups, upon receiving permission from the principal, may use school facilities for group meetings during non-instructional time.

Non-instructional time will mean any time before the first period of the day and after the last period of the day in which any student attends class. Meetings will not interfere with the orderly conduct of the education program or other school district operations. It is within the discretion of the principal to determine whether the meetings will interfere with the orderly conduct of the education program or other school district operations. Activities relating to and part of the education program will have priority over the activities of another organization.

### Curriculum-Related Organizations

It will also be the responsibility of the principal to determine whether a student group is curriculum-related. One or more of the following questions will be answered affirmatively if the group is curriculum-related:

- Is the subject matter of the group actually taught in a regularly offered course?
- Will the subject matter of the group soon be taught in a regularly offered course?
- Does the subject matter of the group concern the body of courses as a whole?
- Is participation in the group required for a particular course?
- Does participation in the group result in academic credit?

Secondary school curriculum-related student organizations may use the school district facilities for meetings and other purposes before and after the instructional school day. Employees are assigned to monitor approved meetings and may interact with curriculum-related organizations.

### Noncurriculum-Related Organizations

Student-initiated, noncurriculum-related organizations are provided access to meeting space and school district facilities. Approval or denial will be made by the principal or his/her designee.

Only students may attend and participate in meetings of noncurriculum-related groups. Such attendance is strictly voluntary and student-initiated. As a means of determining whether a student's attendance is voluntary, the principal may require parental consent for the student to attend the meetings.

Employees will be assigned to monitor approved meetings. Employees will not participate in the meeting or assist in planning, criticizing, or encouraging attendance. Only students may be involved in and attend the noncurriculum group's meetings.

It is the responsibility of the superintendent, in conjunction with the principal, to develop administrative regulations regarding this policy.

Approved April 29, 2002

Reviewed June 15, 2020

Revised Dec. 18, 2006

## STUDENT PERFORMANCES

Students, as part of the education program, may participate in contests or other public and private events approved by the superintendent that will be of benefit to the student and the education program. Performance at such events is a privilege.

Students, who perform at such events, serve as ambassadors of the school district and must conduct themselves in the same manner as required in the regular school day. Students who fail to abide by this policy and the administrative regulations supporting it may be subject to disciplinary measures.

Students will be allowed to perform in these events only with proper permission and supervision and when the events do not disrupt the education program or other school district operations. The events must be approved by the superintendent, unless it involves unusual travel and expense, in which case the board must approve of the performance.

It is the responsibility of the superintendent, in conjunction with the principal, to develop administrative regulations regarding this policy. In developing the administrative regulations, these guidelines should be followed:

- Performances by student groups below the high school level should be allowed on a very limited basis;
- All groups of students should have an opportunity to participate; and,
- Extensive travel by one group of students should be discouraged.

It is within the discretion of the superintendent to determine whether the event will benefit the education program and the participating students. Contests or other performances by students unapproved by the superintendent are the responsibility of the parent and the student.

Legal Reference: Hazelwood School District v. Kuhlmeier, 484 U.S. 260 (1988).  
Iowa Code §§ 280.13-.14 (2005).  
281 I.A.C. 12.6.

Cross Reference: 502 Student Rights and Responsibilities  
503.4 Good Conduct Rule  
504 Student Activities  
905 Community Activities Involving Students

Approved April 29, 2002

Reviewed June 15, 2020

Revised \_\_\_\_\_

STUDENT FUND RAISING

Students may raise funds for school-sponsored events with the permission of the principal. Fund raising by students for events other than school-sponsored events is not allowed. Collection boxes for school fundraising must have prior approval from the principal before being placed on school property. All funds generated from district-sponsored student fundraising will be placed in the district's activity fund.

It is the responsibility of the superintendent, in conjunction with the principal, to develop administrative regulations regarding this policy.

Legal Reference:                    Senior Class of Pekin High School v. Tharp, 154 N.W.2d 874 (Iowa 1967).

Iowa Code § 279.8 (2005).

Cross Reference:                    402.9   Solicitations from Outside  
   502     Student Rights and Responsibilities  
   503     Student Discipline  
   504     Student Activities  
   704.5   Student Activities Fund  
   905.2   Advertising and Promotion

Approved April 29, 2002    Reviewed November 20, 2022    Revised November 20, 2022



## STUDENT FUNDRAISING

Student fundraising can enhance a student’s educational program but it must not be at the expense of the safety and education of the district’s students. The following are additional regulations to assist the administration in developing procedures necessary for successful fundraising efforts.”

### Safety

- Students will not be asked to solicit door to door.
- Students who do not wish to engage in fundraising efforts will be provided an alternative community service option to apply toward credits of funds raised. The alternative option will not be unduly burdensome or onerous when compared to the fundraising activity.

### Fiscal Responsibility

- All funds generated due to a student fundraising activity will be deposited into the district’s student activity funds, pursuant to applicable laws and board policies.
- Funds raised for a participatory student activity will be equally applied to all students regardless of their participating in fundraising efforts.
- All funds generated from district sponsored student fundraising will be deposited in the student activity fund.
- All funds generated from non-district sponsored student fundraising efforts will be deposited into an agency fund designated by the board for such purpose.
- No school district employee or other individual affiliated with the district may deposit student fundraising into any other account.
- All funds received from student fundraising are the property of the school district.

Legal Reference: Iowa Code §279.8

Cross Reference: 507.09 Wellness Policy  
507.09-R(1) Wellness Regulation  
704.05 Student Activities Fund  
704.06 Online Fundraising Campaigns/Crowdfunding  
710.03 Vending Machines  
904.02 Advertising and Promoting

Approved November 20, 2022 Reviewed \_\_\_\_\_ Revised \_\_\_\_\_

## STUDENT ACTIVITY PROGRAM

Participation in school activities is a privilege. School activities provide the benefits of promoting additional interests and ability in the students during their school years and for their lifetime.

Students will have an opportunity to participate in a school activity unless the activity is not offered or the student cannot participate for disciplinary reasons. If the activity is an intramural or interscholastic athletic activity, students of the opposite sex will have a comparable opportunity for participation. Comparable opportunity does not guarantee boys and girls will be allowed to play on each other's teams when there are athletic activities available that will allow both boys and girls to reap the benefits of school activities, which are the promotion of additional interests and abilities in the students.

Student activity events must be approved by the superintendent unless they involve unusual travel expenses, in which case the board will take action. The events must not disrupt the education program or other school district operations.

A high school student who participates in school sponsored athletics may participate in a non-school sponsored sport during the same season.

It is the responsibility of the superintendent to develop administrative regulations for each school activity. These regulations will include, but not be limited to, when physical examinations will be required, how and when parents will be informed about the risk of the activity, academic requirements, and proof of insurance on the student participating in certain activities. Students wanting to participate in school activities must meet the requirements set out by the school district for participation in the activity.

Legal Reference: 20 U.S.C. §§ 1681-1683; 1685-1686 (1994).  
34 C.F.R. Pt. 106.41 (2002).  
Iowa Code §§ 216.9; 280.13-.14 (2003).  
281 I.A.C. 12.6., 36.15.

Cross Reference: 501 Student Attendance  
502 Student Rights and Responsibilities  
503 Student Discipline  
504 Student Activities  
507 Student Health and Well-Being

Approved April 29, 2002

Reviewed December 19, 2022

Revised December 19, 2022

## STUDENT PROGRESS REPORTS AND CONFERENCES

Students will receive a progress report at the end of each grading period. Students, who are doing poorly, and their parents, are notified prior to the end of the semester or trimester in order to have an opportunity to improve their grade. The board encourages the notification of students who have made marked improvement prior to the end of the semester.

Parent-teacher conferences will be held twice annually to keep the parents informed. Parents, teachers, or principals may request a conference for students in grades kindergarten through twelve in addition to the scheduled conference time. Parents and students are encouraged to discuss the student's progress or other matters with the student's teacher.

***NOTE: This is a mandatory policy. The second paragraph should be written to reflect the school district's practice.***

Legal Reference: Iowa Code §§ 256.11, 41; .280, 284.12.  
281 I.A.C. 12.3(4), 12.3(6), .5(16).

Cross Reference: 505 Student Scholastic Achievement  
506 Student Records

Approved Nov. 25, 2002

Reviewed June 15, 2020

Revised Dec 17, 2018

STUDENT PROMOTION - RETENTION - ACCELERATION

Students will be promoted to the next grade level at the end of each school year based on the student's achievement, age, maturity, emotional stability, and social adjustment.

The district shall adhere to the following:

- **Retention/Promotion in kindergarten – eighth grade:** The retention of a student will be determined based upon the judgment of the district’s professional staff. When it becomes evident a student in grades kindergarten through eight may be retained in a grade level for an additional year, the parents will be informed prior to making the retention decision. It is within the sole discretion of the district to retain students in their current grade level and to deny promotion to a student.
- **Retention/Promotion in ninth – twelfth grade:** Students in grades nine through twelve will be informed of the required coursework necessary to be promoted each year. When it becomes evident a student in these grades will be unable to meet the minimum credit requirements for the year, the student and parents will be informed. It is within the sole discretion of the district to retain students in their current grade level and to deny promotion to a student.
- **Acceleration in kindergarten – twelfth grade:** Students in grades kindergarten through twelve with exceptional talents may, with the permission of the principal and parents, take classes beyond their current grade level. Enrichment opportunities outside the school district may be allowed when they do not conflict with the school district's graduation requirements.
- **Retention or Acceleration in kindergarten – twelfth grade** may also occur in additional instances as provided by law.

In determining student acceleration or retention, the district’s professional staff will consider the following approvals, data point, and personal/professional recommendations:

- Class/Coursework
- Classroom Teacher(s) Recommendation
- Diagnostic Testing
- District Assessments
- Graduation Credits (HS only)
- Parent/Guardian Approval
- TAG teacher endorsement (acceleration only)

Any student or parent who is not satisfied with the decision of the district’s professional staff may seek recourse through policy 502.4 – *Student Complaints and Grievances*.

Legal Reference: Iowa Code §§ 256.11, .41; 279.8.  
281 I.A.C. 12.5(16).

Cross Reference: 501 Student Attendance  
505 Student Scholastic Achievement  
603.2 Summer School Instruction

Approved Nov. 25, 2002 Reviewed December 19, 2022 Revised December 19, 2022

## STUDENT HONORS AND AWARDS

The school district will provide a program that establishes honors and awards including, but not limited to, academic letters, scholarships and good citizenship awards for students to assist students in setting goals. Students are made aware of honors and awards and the action necessary on the part of the student to achieve them. Students who have not attended Union High School for at least one year will not be eligible for honors and awards.

The award of any school related honor to a student must be approved by the superintendent or his/her designee. The school reserves the right to determine at which of its functions such awards may be presented. This pertains primarily to awards presented by individuals and organizations that are not part of the school.

Awards to students must comply with rules and regulations of the state activity associations.

It is the responsibility of the superintendent to develop the administrative regulations regarding this policy.

Legal Reference: Iowa Code § 279.8 (2005).

Cross Reference: 504 Student Activities  
505 Student Scholastic Achievement

Approved Nov. 25, 2002

Reviewed June 15, 2020

Revised June 15, 2020

## TESTING PROGRAM

A comprehensive testing program is established and maintained to evaluate the education program of the school district and to assist in providing guidance or counseling services to students and their families.

No student is required, as part of any applicable program, funded by the United States Department of Education, to submit to a survey, analysis or evaluation that reveals information concerning:

- political affiliations or beliefs of the student or student's parent;
- mental or psychological problems of the student or the student's family;
- sex behavior or attitudes;
- illegal, anti-social, self-incriminating or demeaning behavior;
- critical appraisals of other individuals with whom respondents have close family relationships;
- legally recognized, privileged and analogous relationships, such as those of lawyers, physicians and ministers;
- religious practices, affiliations or beliefs of the student or student's parent; or
- income,(other than that required by law to determine eligibility for participation in a program or for receiving financial assistance under such program).

without the prior consent of the student (if the student is an adult or emancipated minor), or in the case of an unemancipated minor, without the prior written consent of the parent.

It is the responsibility of the superintendent, in conjunction with the principal, to develop administrative regulations regarding this policy.

It is the responsibility of the board to review and approve the evaluation and testing program.

Legal Reference: 20 U.S.C. § 1232h (1994).  
Iowa Code §§ 280.3;

Cross Reference: 505 Student Scholastic Achievement  
506 Student Records  
607.2 Student Health Services

Approved Dec. 19, 2002

Reviewed June 15, 2020

Revised August 21, 2017

## GRADUATION REQUIREMENTS

Students must successfully complete the courses required by the board and Iowa Department of Education in order to graduate.

It is the responsibility of the superintendent to ensure that students complete grades one through twelve and that high school students complete the following required credits prior to graduation:

### GRADUATION REQUIREMENTS

Students must have earned a minimum of fifty-four (54) credits for graduation from high school in addition to passing a physical education course each trimester they are enrolled. The 54 credits are distributed as follows:

- 44 must be classified as "Academic" credits,
  - 8 must be English
    - 2 must be English I A & B (Freshman),
    - 2 must be English II A & B (Sophomore),
    - 2 must be English III A & B or composition I & II (Junior)
    - 2 must be English Electives
  - 6 must be Mathematics,
  - 6 must be Science
    - 2 must be Physical Science A & B (Freshmen)
    - 2 must be Biology A & B (Sophomore),
    - 2 must be Chemistry A & B (Junior or Senior)
  - 6 must be Social Studies
    - 2 must be American History A & B
    - 2 must be World Studies A & B
    - 1 must be American Government,
    - 1 must be Social Studies Electives
  - 4 must be Required Courses
    - 1 must be Computer Applications
    - 1 must be Personal Finance
    - 1 must be Careers
    - 1 must be Health

Successful completion of an academic course earns one (1) credit per trimester.

All courses are classified as academic except Resource, Vocal Music, Instrumental Music, Physical Education, and Drivers Education, which are classified as non-academic. Vocal Music and Instrumental Music meet daily and earn one-half ( $\frac{1}{2}$ ) credit per trimester, one and one-half ( $1\frac{1}{2}$ ) credit per year. Resource classes will receive one half ( $\frac{1}{2}$ ) credit per trimester completed. Driver Education will earn one-half ( $\frac{1}{2}$ ) credit. Grades from non-academic courses are not used when determining grade point.

A student must be enrolled in and successfully complete Physical Education each trimester that he or she is enrolled in school. Students who do not pass a trimester of P.E. must retake that trimester's work the following trimester. A student must enroll in a minimum of four (4) credit courses and P.E. each trimester.

Four (4) Academic credits from outside schools, such as HCC, Kirkwood, etc., may apply towards meeting the graduation requirements providing the student is enrolled at Union High School when the credits are earned.

Five (5) Academic credits earned as a Foreign Exchange Student may apply towards meeting the graduation requirements. The school attended must be an accredited school and must be earned during an academic year.

Students must earn a minimum of 8 of their 54 total credits at Union High School to be eligible for graduation.

Students may request that they be allowed to test out of a class. The request must be approved by the parent or guardian, principal, guidance counselor and the teacher. In testing, the student must meet the criteria established by the school. Credit will not be allowed towards graduation for classes that have been tested out of.

The required courses of study will be reviewed by the board annually.

Graduation requirements for special education students will be in accordance with the prescribed course of study as described in their Individualized Education Program (IEP). Each student's IEP will include a statement of the projected date of graduation at least 18 months in advance of the projected date and the criteria to be used in determining whether graduation will occur. Prior to the special education student's graduation, the IEP team will determine whether the graduation criteria have been met.

Beginning with the Class of 2020, graduation requirements for special education students will include successful completion of four years of English, three years of math, three years of social studies, and three years of science.

Students who complete a regular session in the Legislative Page Program of the general assembly at the state capitol will be credited ½ credit of social studies.

Students enrolled in a junior officers' training corp will receive 1/8th physical education credit for each semester the student is enrolled in the program.

***NOTE: This is a mandatory policy.***

Legal Reference: Iowa Code §§ 256.7, 11, .41; 279.8; 280.3, .14.  
281 I.A.C. 12.3(5); 12.5

Cross Reference: 505 Student Scholastic Achievement  
603.3 Special Education



## EARLY GRADUATION

Generally, students will be required to complete the necessary course work and graduate from high school at the end of grade twelve. Students may graduate prior to this time if they meet the minimum graduation requirements stated in board policy.

A student who graduates early will no longer be considered a student and will become an alumnus of the school district. However, the student who graduates early may participate in prom and commencement exercises.

Legal Reference: Iowa Code §§ 279.8; 280.3, .14 (2005).  
281 I.A.C. 12.2; .3(7); .5.

Cross Reference: 505 Student Scholastic Achievement

Approved Nov. 25, 2002

Reviewed June 15, 2020

Revised Dec. 18, 2006

## COMMENCEMENT

Students who have met the requirements for graduation will be allowed to participate in the commencement proceedings provided they abide by the proceedings organized by the school district. Diploma will not be issued until all requirements for graduation have been completed. It is the responsibility of the principal to solicit input from each graduating class regarding the proceedings for their commencement.

Students who are working towards an alternative diploma must have all of their graduation requirements completed by a date established by the high school administration. Students not completing the requirements by the established date will not be allowed to participate in commencement proceedings.

Failure of a student to participate in commencement will not be a reason for withholding the student's final progress report or diploma certifying the student's completion of high school.

Legal Reference: Iowa Code §§ 279.8; 280.3, .14 (2005).  
281 I.A.C. 12.2; .3(7); .5.

Cross Reference: 505 Student Scholastic Achievement

Approved Nov. 25, 2002

Reviewed June 15, 2020

Revised June 15, 2020

## PARENT AND FAMILY ENGAGEMENT

Parent and family engagement is an important component in a student's success in school. The board encourages parents and families to become involved in their child's education to ensure the child's academic success. The board will:

1. Involve parents and families in the development of the Title I plan, the process for school review of the plan and the process for improvement by inviting parents of Title I students to meet the teacher(s), reviewing the data and feedback from the meetings and discussing the information at any site council and district-wide committee meetings.
2. Provide the coordination, technical assistance and other support necessary to assist and build the capacity of all participating schools in planning and implementing effective parent and family involvement activities to improve student academic achievement and school performance by having on-going discussions at administrative/director meetings, PTO meetings, open houses and other informative discussions.
3. To the extent feasible, coordinate and integrate parent and family engagement strategies under Title I with parent and family engagement strategies outlined in other relevant Federal, State, and local laws and program by coordinating all district supports, including site-based and district-wide committees, in planning and implementing family and engagement strategies.
4. Conduct, with the involvement of parents and family members, an annual evaluation of the content and effectiveness of the parent and family engagement policy in improving the academic quality of the school served including identifying barriers to greater participation by parents in Title I activities (with particular attention to low-income parents, Limited English Proficient (LEP) parents, parents of any racial or ethnic minority, parents with disabilities and parents with limited literacy) by analyzing all relevant data.
5. Use the findings of the annual evaluation to design strategies for more effective parent and family involvement and to revise, as necessary, the parent-family involvement policies; and by reviewing information at the building and district level and having a parent compact per board policy 505.8R1. Copies of the Parent Involvement Policy and Title I compact are available upon request.
6. Involve parents and families in Title I activities by listening and garnering feedback from parents and families through individual and small group meetings during the year.

The board will review this policy annually. The superintendent is responsible for notifying parents and families of this policy annually or within a reasonable time after it has been amended during the school year. The superintendent may develop as administrative process or procedures to implement this policy.

Note: This is a mandatory policy.

Legal References: 20 U.S.C. §6318

Cross References: 903.2 Community Resource Persons and Volunteers

Approved Feb. 20, 2006 Reviewed August 15, 2022 Revised August 21, 2017

Union Community School  
Family/School Learning Compact  
Title 1

Family:

I understand that my participation in my child's education will help his/her achievement and attitude. I agree to carry out the following responsibilities.

- Provide a quiet place and time to do schoolwork and encourage my child to complete schoolwork.
- Make sure my child gets adequate sleep and has a healthy diet.
- Make sure my child is at school on time.
- Spend at least 15 minutes per day reading with my child.
- Communicate and work with teachers and school staff to support and challenge my child.

**Signature** \_\_\_\_\_ **Date** \_\_\_\_\_

Student:

I know my education is important to me. It will help me become a better person. I agree to do the following:

- Return completed schoolwork on time.
- Be at school on time unless I am sick.
- Be responsible for my own behavior.
- Help to keep my school safe.
- Respect and cooperate with other students and adults.

**Signature** \_\_\_\_\_ **Date** \_\_\_\_\_

Title 1 Teacher:

I understand the importance of the school experience to every student and my role as a teacher. I agree to carry out the following responsibilities.

- Teach necessary concepts to your child.
- Be aware of the needs of your child.
- Regularly communicate with you on your child's progress.
- Provide a safe, positive and healthy learning environment for your child.
- Respect the cultural differences of students and their families.
- Serve as a resource to parents and staff.

**Signature** \_\_\_\_\_ **Date** \_\_\_\_\_

Principal:

I understand the positive impact for our community when parents, students, and teachers work together and will:

- Provide an environment that allows for positive communication between the classroom teacher, Title 1 teacher, parent and student.
- Encourage students to put forth their best effort at all times.

Signature \_\_\_\_\_ Date \_\_\_\_\_

## PARENT AND FAMILY ENGAGEMENT BUILDING-LEVEL REGULATION

To further the interests of student achievement, the superintendent will create necessary rules to engage parents and family members within the district in the following ways on a building-level basis:

1. Policy Involvement: The district will host an annual meeting and invite all parents to attend; and inform parents of their rights and the district's requirements under Title I. This meeting will also invite parents to become involved in the planning, review and improvement of a building policy and in developing the district plan. The district will inform parents of:
  - programs under this policy,
  - curriculum and assessment used for students,
  - the opportunity to meet with administration to participate in decisions related to their children's education,
  - a description and explanation of curriculum used in the school forms of academic assessment used to measure student progress, and
  - achievement levels of the challenging State academic standards.
2. Accessibility: Provide opportunities for informed participation of parents and family members in understandable formats and languages. This includes participation by parents and family members who may have disabilities, limited English proficiency, and migratory children. Offer a flexible number of meetings during the day, evening and weekends to facilitate parent involvement. The superintendent has discretion to allow schools to provide childcare for families of students during these meetings through Title I funds.
3. High Student Academic Achievement: Each school in the district will jointly develop with parents and family members a school-parent compact that outlines how parents, staff and students share responsibility for improving student academic achievement; and how a partnership will be built to achieve this. The compact will describe the responsibility of the school to provide high quality curriculum and instruction, and the parents' responsibility to support their children's learning. This will also address the importance of communication between schools and parents through parent teacher conferences, regular reports to parents on their children's progress, and ensuring regular meaningful communication between family and school staff.
4. Building Capacity for Involvement: Each school within the district will include in their plan ways to achieve the following:
  - Assist parents and families to understand topics including academic standards and assessments and how to monitor student progress;
  - Provide materials and training to help parents work with students to improve achievement;
  - Educate teachers and staff in how to communicate with parents and build ties to foster academic success;
  - Coordinate and integrate other federal, state and local programs to support parents in more fully participating in students' education;
  - Ensure information related to programs is sent to parents and families in understandable formats; and
  - Provide other reasonable support to encourage parental involvement

5. Schools Operating a Schoolwide Program: Each school operating a schoolwide program under this policy shall:
- Involve parents on a timely and ongoing basis in the planning, review and improvement of programs, including the parent and family engagement school policy drafting and review, and the joint development of the schoolwide program.
  - If the schoolwide program plan is not satisfactory to the parents of the participating children, parent comments will be requested and submitted with the plan to the district.

## EDUCATION RECORDS ACCESS

The board recognizes the importance of maintaining education records and preserving their confidentiality as provided by law. Education records are kept confidential at collection, storage, disclosure and destruction stages. The board secretary is the custodian of education records. Education records may be maintained in the central administration office or administrative office of the student's attendance center.

### **Definitions**

For the purposes of this policy, the defined words have the following meaning:

- “Education Record” means those records that contain information directly related to a student and which are maintained by an education agency or institution or by a party acting for the agency or institution.
- “Eligible Student” means a student who has reached eighteen years or attends a postsecondary institution. Parents of an eligible student are provided access to education records only with the written permission of the eligible student unless the eligible student is defined as a dependent by the [Internal Revenue Code](#). In that case, the parents may be provided access without the written permission of the student.

An education record may contain information on more than one student. Parents will have the right to access the information relating to their student or to be informed of the information. Eligible students will also have the right to access the information relating to themselves, or be informed of the information.

Parents, eligible students, and other individuals authorized in accordance with law will have a right to access the student's education records upon request without unnecessary delay and in no instance more than forty-five calendar days after the request is made. Parents, other than parents of an eligible student, may be denied access to a student's records if the school district has a court order stating such or when the district has been advised under the appropriate laws that the parents may not access the student records. Parents, an eligible student or an authorized representative of the parents will have the right to access the student's education records prior to an Individualized Education Program (IEP) meeting or hearing.

Copies of education records will be provided if failure to do so would effectively prevent the parents or student from exercising the right to access the education records. Fees for copies of the records are waived if it would prevent the parents or student from accessing the records. A fee may not be charged to search or retrieve information from education records.

Upon the request of parents or an eligible student, the school district will provide an explanation and interpretation of the education records and a list of the types and locations of education records collected, maintained or used by the school district.

If the parents or an eligible student believes the information in the education records is inaccurate, misleading or violates the privacy of the student, the parents or an eligible student may request that the school district amend the education records.



## STUDENT RECORDS ACCESS

Education records may be disclosed in limited circumstances without parental or eligible student's written permission. This disclosure is made on the condition that the education record will not be disclosed to a third party without the written permission of the parents or the eligible student. This disclosure may be:

- To school officials within the school district and AEA personnel whom the superintendent has determined to have a legitimate educational interest, including, but not limited to, board members, employees, school attorney, auditor, health professionals, and individuals serving on official school committees;
- To officials of another school district in which the student wishes to enroll, provided the other school district notifies the parents the education records are being sent and the parents have an opportunity to receive a copy of the records and challenge the contents of the records unless the annual notification includes a provision that records will automatically be transferred to new school districts;
- To the U.S. Comptroller General, the U.S. Attorney General, the U.S. Secretary of Education or state and local educational authorities;
- In connection with a student's application for, or receipt of, financial aid;
- To organizations conducting studies for, or on behalf of, educational agencies or institutions for the purpose of developing, validating, or administering predictive tests, administering student aid programs, and improving instruction, if such studies are conducted in such a manner as will not permit the personal identification of students and their parents by persons other than representatives of such organizations and such information will be destroyed when no longer needed for the purpose for which it was conducted;
- To accrediting organizations;
- To parents of a dependent student as defined in the Internal Revenue Code;
- To comply with a court order or judicially issued subpoena;
- *[Consistent with an interagency agreement between the school district and juvenile justice agencies]*
- In connection with a health or safety emergency;
- As directory information; or
- In additional instances as provided by law.

The superintendent will keep a list of the individuals and their positions who are authorized to view a special education student's education records without the permission of the parents or the eligible student. Individuals not listed are not allowed access without parental or an eligible student's written permission. This list must be current and available for public inspection and updated as changes occur.

The superintendent will also keep a list of individuals, agencies and organizations which have requested or obtained access to a student's education records, the date access was given and their legitimate educational interest or purpose for which they were authorized to view the records. The superintendent, however, does not need to keep a list of the parents, authorized educational employees, officers and agencies of the school district who have accessed the student's education records. This list for an education record may be accessed by the parents, the eligible student and the custodian of education records.

Permanent education records, including a student's name, address, phone number, grades, attendance record, classes attended, grade level completed and year completed may be maintained without time limitation. Permanent education records will be kept in a fire-safe vault or they may be maintained electronically with a secure backup file.

When personally identifiable information, other than permanent education records, is no longer needed to provide educational services to a special education student, the parents or eligible student are notified. This notice is normally given after a student graduates or otherwise leaves the school district. If the parents or

## STUDENT RECORDS ACCESS

eligible student request that the personally identifiable information be destroyed, the school district will destroy the records, except for permanent records. Prior to the destruction of the records, the school district must inform the parents or eligible student the records may be needed by the parents or eligible student for social security benefits or other purposes. For purposes of policy, “no longer needed to provide educational services” means that a record is no longer relevant to the provision of instruction, support, or related services and it is no longer needed for accountability and audit purposes. At a minimum, a record needed for accountability and audit purposes must be retained for five years after completion of the activity for which funds were used.

*[The school district will cooperate with the juvenile justice system in sharing information contained in permanent student records regarding students who have become involved with the juvenile justice system. The school district will enter into an interagency agreement with the juvenile justice agencies (agencies) involved.]*

*The purpose of the agreement is to allow for the sharing of information prior to a student's adjudication in order to promote and collaborate between the school district and the agencies to improve school safety, reduce alcohol and illegal drug use, reduce truancy, reduce in-school and out-of-school suspensions, and to support alternatives to in-school and out-of-school suspensions and expulsions which provide structured and well supervised educational programs supplemented by coordinated and appropriate services designed to correct behaviors that lead to truancy, suspension, and expulsions and to support students in successfully completing their education.*

*The school district may share any information with the agencies contained in a student's permanent record, which is directly related to the juvenile justice system's ability to effectively serve the student. Prior to adjudication information contained in the permanent record may be disclosed by the school district to the parties without parental consent or court order. Information contained in a student's permanent record may be disclosed by the school district to the agencies after adjudication only with parental consent or a court order. Information shared pursuant to the agreement is used solely for determining the programs and services appropriate to the needs of the student or student's family or coordinating the delivery of programs and services to the student or student's family.*

*Information shared under the agreement is not admissible in any court proceedings, which take place prior to a disposition hearing, unless written consent is obtained from a student's parent, guardian, or legal or actual custodian.*

*Confidential information shared between the school district and the agencies will remain confidential and will not be shared with any other person, unless otherwise provided by law. The school district may discontinue information sharing with an agency if the school district determines that the agency has violated the intent or letter of the agreement.*

*Agencies will contact the principal of the attendance center where the student is currently or was enrolled. The principal will then forward copies of the records within a reasonable time following receipt of the request.*

The school district will provide training or instruction to employees about parents' and eligible students' rights under this policy. Employees will also be informed about the procedures for carrying out this policy. It is the responsibility of the superintendent to annually notify parents and eligible students that they have the right to:

- (1) Inspect and review the student's education records;
- (2) Seek amendment of the student's education records that the parent or eligible student believes to be inaccurate, misleading, or otherwise in violation of the student's privacy rights;
- (3) Consent to disclosures of personally identifiable information contained in the student's education records, except to the extent that the law authorizes disclosure without consent; and
- (4) File a complaint with the U.S. Department of Education concerning alleged failures by the district to comply with the law.

The notice is given in a parents' or eligible student's native language. Should the school district collect personal information from students for the purposes of marketing or selling that information, the school district will annually notify parents of such activity.

The notice will include a statement that the parents have a right to file a complaint alleging the school district failed to comply with this policy. Complaints are forwarded to [Family Policy Compliance Office](#), U.S. Department of Education, 400 Maryland Avenue, Washington, DC. 20202-8520.

***NOTE: This is a mandatory policy.***

Legal Reference: 20 U.S.C. § 1232g, 1415 (1994).  
34 C.F.R. Pt. 99, 300.560 - .574 (2002).  
Iowa Code §§ 22; 279.9B, 280.24,.25, 622.10 (2005).  
281 I.A.C. 12.3(6); 41.20  
1980 Op. Att'y Gen. 720, 825.

Cross Reference: 501 Student Attendance  
505 Student Scholastic Achievement  
506 Student Records  
507 Student Health and Well-Being  
603.3 Special Education  
708 Care, Maintenance and Disposal of School District Records  
901 Public Examination of School District Records

Approved Nov. 25, 2002

Reviewed June 15, 2020

Revised August 21, 2017

REQUEST OF NONPARENT FOR EXAMINATION OR COPIES OF EDUCATIONAL RECORDS

The undersigned hereby requests permission to examine the \_\_\_\_\_ Community School District's official student records of:

\_\_\_\_\_  
(Legal Name of Student)

\_\_\_\_\_  
(Date of Birth)

-----  
The undersigned requests copies of the following official student records of the above student:  
-----

The undersigned certifies that they are (check one):

- (a) An official of another school system in which the student intends to enroll. ( )
- (b) An authorized representative of the Comptroller General of the United States. ( )
- (c) An authorized representative of the Secretary of the U.S. Department of Education or U.S. Attorney General ( )
- (d) An administrative head of an education agency as defined in Section 408 of the Education Amendments of 1974. ( )
- (e) An official of the Iowa Department of Education. ( )
- (f) A person connected with the student's application for, or receipt of, financial aid (SPECIFY DETAILS ABOVE.) ( )
- (g) A representative of a juvenile justice agency with which the school district has an interagency agreement. ( )

The undersigned agrees that the information obtained will only be redisclosed consistent with state or federal law without the written permission of the parents of the student, or the student if the student is of majority age.

\_\_\_\_\_  
(Signature)

\_\_\_\_\_  
(Title)

\_\_\_\_\_  
(Agency)

APPROVED:

Signature: \_\_\_\_\_  
Title: \_\_\_\_\_  
Dated: \_\_\_\_\_

Date: \_\_\_\_\_  
Address: \_\_\_\_\_  
City: \_\_\_\_\_  
State: \_\_\_\_\_ ZIP: \_\_\_\_\_  
Phone Number: \_\_\_\_\_

AUTHORIZATION FOR RELEASE OF EDUCATION RECORDS

The undersigned hereby authorizes \_\_\_\_\_

School District to release copies of the following official student records:

\_\_\_\_\_  
\_\_\_\_\_

concerning \_\_\_\_\_ (Full Legal Name of Student) \_\_\_\_\_ (Date of Birth)

\_\_\_\_\_ from 20 \_\_\_\_ to 20 \_\_\_\_  
(Name of Last School Attended) (Year(s) of Attend.)

The reason for this request is: \_\_\_\_\_

\_\_\_\_\_

My relationship to the child is: \_\_\_\_\_

Copies of the records to be released are to be furnished to:

- ( ) the undersigned
- ( ) the student
- ( ) other (please specify) \_\_\_\_\_

\_\_\_\_\_  
(Signature)

Date: \_\_\_\_\_

Address: \_\_\_\_\_

City: \_\_\_\_\_

State: \_\_\_\_\_ ZIP \_\_\_\_\_

Phone Number: \_\_\_\_\_

REQUEST FOR HEARING ON CORRECTION OF EDUCATION RECORDS

To: \_\_\_\_\_ Address: \_\_\_\_\_  
Board Secretary (Custodian)

I believe certain official student records of my child, \_\_\_\_\_, (full legal name of student), \_\_\_\_\_ (school name), are inaccurate, misleading or in violation of privacy rights of my child.

The official education records which I believe are inaccurate, misleading or in violation of the privacy or other rights of my child are:

\_\_\_\_\_  
\_\_\_\_\_  
\_\_\_\_\_

The reason I believe such records are inaccurate, misleading or in violation of the privacy or other rights of my child is:

\_\_\_\_\_  
\_\_\_\_\_  
\_\_\_\_\_

My relationship to the child is: \_\_\_\_\_

I understand that I will be notified in writing of the time and place of the hearing; that I will be notified in writing of the decision; and I have the right to appeal the decision by so notifying the hearing officer in writing within ten days after my receipt of the decision or a right to place a statement in my child's record stating I disagree with the decision and why.

\_\_\_\_\_  
(Signature)  
Date: \_\_\_\_\_  
Address: \_\_\_\_\_  
City: \_\_\_\_\_  
State: \_\_\_\_\_ ZIP \_\_\_\_\_  
Phone Number: \_\_\_\_\_

REQUEST FOR EXAMINATION OF EDUCATIONAL RECORDS

To: \_\_\_\_\_ Address: \_\_\_\_\_  
Board Secretary (Custodian)

The undersigned desires to examine the following official education records.

\_\_\_\_\_  
\_\_\_\_\_  
\_\_\_\_\_

of \_\_\_\_\_ , \_\_\_\_\_  
(Full Legal Name of Student) (Date of Birth) (Grade)

\_\_\_\_\_  
(Name of School)

My relationship to the student is: \_\_\_\_\_

(check one)

- I do
- I do not

desire a copy of such records. I understand that a reasonable charge may be made for the copies.

\_\_\_\_\_  
(Parent's Signature)

APPROVED:

Signature: \_\_\_\_\_  
Title: \_\_\_\_\_  
Dated: \_\_\_\_\_

Date: \_\_\_\_\_  
Address: \_\_\_\_\_  
City: \_\_\_\_\_  
State: \_\_\_\_\_ ZIP \_\_\_\_\_  
Phone Number: \_\_\_\_\_

NOTIFICATION OF TRANSFER OF EDUCATION RECORDS

To: \_\_\_\_\_ Date: \_\_\_\_\_  
Parent/or Guardian

Street Address: \_\_\_\_\_  
City/State \_\_\_\_\_ ZIP: \_\_\_\_\_

Please be notified that copies of the \_\_\_\_\_ Community School District's official student records concerning \_\_\_\_\_, (full legal name of student) have been transferred to:

\_\_\_\_\_  
School District Name Address

upon the written statement that the student intends to enroll in said school system.

If you desire a copy of such records furnished, please check here \_\_\_\_\_ and return this form to the undersigned. A reasonable charge will be made for the copies.

If you believe such records transferred are inaccurate, misleading or otherwise in violation of the privacy or other rights of the student, you have the right to a hearing to challenge the contents of such records.

\_\_\_\_\_  
(Name)

\_\_\_\_\_  
(Title)



LETTER TO PARENT REGARDING RECEIPT OF A SUBPOENA

Date

Dear (Parent):

This letter is to notify you that the \_\_\_\_\_ Community School District has received a (subpoena or court order) requesting copies of your child's permanent records. The specific records requested are \_\_\_\_\_.

The school district has until (date on subpoena or court order) to deliver the documents to (requesting party on subpoena or court order). If you have any questions, please do not hesitate to contact me at (phone #).

Sincerely,

(Principal or Superintendent)

## JUVENILE JUSTICE AGENCY INFORMATION SHARING AGREEMENT

**Statement of Purpose:** The purpose of this Agreement is to allow for the sharing of information among the School District and the Agencies prior to a student's adjudication in order to promote and collaborate to improve school safety, reduce alcohol and illegal drug use, reduce truancy, reduce in-school and out-of-school suspensions, and to support alternatives to in-school and out-of-school suspensions and expulsions which provide structured and well supervised educational programs supplemented by coordinated and appropriate services designed to correct behaviors that lead to truancy, suspension, and expulsions and to support students in successfully completing their education.

**Identification of Agencies:** This agreement is between the Union Community School District (hereinafter "School District") and (agencies listed) (hereinafter "Agencies").

**Statutory Authority:** This agreement implements Iowa Code § 280.25 and is consistent with 34 C.F.R. 99.38 (2002).

### Parameters of Information Exchange:

1. The School District may share any information with the Agencies contained in a student's permanent record which is directly related to the juvenile justice system's ability to effectively serve the student.
2. Prior to adjudication information contained in the permanent record may be disclosed by the school district to the Agencies without parental consent or court order.
3. Information contained in a student's permanent record may be disclosed by the School District to the Agencies after adjudication only with parental consent or a court order.
4. Information shared pursuant to the agreement is used solely for determining the programs and services appropriate to the needs of the student or student's family or coordinating the delivery of programs and services to the student or student's family.
5. Information shared under the agreement is not admissible in any court proceedings which take place prior to a disposition hearing, unless written consent is obtained from a student's parent, guardian, or legal or actual custodian.
6. Information obtained by the school from other juvenile justice agencies may not be used as the basis for disciplinary action of the student.
7. This agreement only governs a school district's ability to share information and the purposes for which that information can be used. Other agencies are bound by their own respective confidentiality policies.

**Records' Transmission:** The individual requesting the information should contact the principal of the building in which the student is currently enrolled or was enrolled. The principal will forward the records within 10 business days of the request.

**Confidentiality:** Confidential information shared between the Agencies and the school district will remain confidential and will not be shared with any other person, unless otherwise provided by law. Information shared under the agreement is not admissible in any court proceedings which take place prior to a disposition hearing, unless written consent is obtained from a student's parent. Agencies or individuals violating the terms of this agreement subject their entity represented and themselves personally to legal action pursuant to federal and state law.

JUVENILE JUSTICE AGENCY INFORMATION SHARING AGREEMENT

Amendments: This agreement constitutes the entire agreement among the agencies with respect to information sharing. Agencies may be added to this agreement at the discretion of the school district.

Term: This agreement is effective from (September 1, 20    or other date) .

Termination: The School District may discontinue information sharing with an Agency if the School District determines that the Agency has violated the intent or letter of this Agreement.

APPROVED:

Signature: \_\_\_\_\_ Address: \_\_\_\_\_  
Title: \_\_\_\_\_ City: \_\_\_\_\_  
Agency: \_\_\_\_\_ State: \_\_\_\_\_ ZIP \_\_\_\_\_  
Dated: \_\_\_\_\_ Phone Number: \_\_\_\_\_

Signature: \_\_\_\_\_ Address: \_\_\_\_\_  
Title: \_\_\_\_\_ City: \_\_\_\_\_  
Agency: \_\_\_\_\_ State: \_\_\_\_\_ ZIP \_\_\_\_\_  
Dated: \_\_\_\_\_ Phone Number: \_\_\_\_\_

Signature: \_\_\_\_\_ Address: \_\_\_\_\_  
Title: \_\_\_\_\_ City: \_\_\_\_\_  
Agency: \_\_\_\_\_ State: \_\_\_\_\_ ZIP \_\_\_\_\_  
Dated: \_\_\_\_\_ Phone Number: \_\_\_\_\_

Signature: \_\_\_\_\_ Address: \_\_\_\_\_  
Title: \_\_\_\_\_ City: \_\_\_\_\_  
Agency: \_\_\_\_\_ State: \_\_\_\_\_ ZIP \_\_\_\_\_  
Dated: \_\_\_\_\_ Phone Number: \_\_\_\_\_

## ANNUAL NOTICE

The Family Educational Rights and Privacy Act (FERPA) affords parents and students over 18 years of age ("eligible students") certain rights with respect to the student's education records. They are:

- (1) The right to inspect and review the student's education records within 45 days of the day the district receives a request for access.

Parents or eligible students should submit to the school principal (or appropriate school official) a written request that identifies the record(s) they wish to inspect. The principal will make arrangements for access and notify the parent or eligible student of the time and place where the records may be inspected.

- (2) The right to request the amendment of the student's education records that the parent or eligible student believes are inaccurate or misleading or in violation of the student's privacy rights.

Parents or eligible students may ask the school district to amend a record that they believe is inaccurate or misleading. They should write the school principal, clearly identify the part of the record they want changed, and specify why it is inaccurate or misleading.

If the district decides not to amend the record as requested by the parent or eligible student, the district will notify the parent or eligible student of the decision and advise them of their right to a hearing regarding the request for amendment. Additional information regarding the hearing procedures will be provided to the parent or eligible student when notified of the right to a hearing.

- (3) The right to consent to disclosures of personally identifiable information contained in the student's education records, except to the extent that FERPA authorizes disclosure without consent.

One exception, which permits disclosure without consent is disclosure to school officials with legitimate educational interests. A school official is a person employed by the district as an administrator, supervisor, instructor, or support staff member (including health or medical staff and law enforcement unit personnel); a person serving on the school board; a person or company with whom the district has contracted to perform a special task (such as an attorney, auditor, AEA employees, medical consultant, or therapist); or a parent or student serving on an official committee, such as a disciplinary or grievance committee or student assistance team, or assisting another school official in performing his or her tasks.

A school official has a legitimate educational interest if the official needs to review an education record in order to fulfill his or her professional responsibility.

Upon request, the district discloses education records without consent to officials of another school district in which a student seeks or intends to enroll. (Note: FERPA requires a school district to make a reasonable attempt to notify the parent or eligible student of the records request unless it states in its annual notification that it intends to forward records on request.)

- (4) The right to inform the school district that the parent does not want directory information, as defined below, to be released. Directory information can be released without prior parental consent. The school district will not market or sell directory information without prior consent of the parent.

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Any student over the age of eighteen or parent not wanting this information released to the public must make object in writing by August 20 to the principal. The objection needs to be renewed annually.

NAME, ADDRESS, TELEPHONE LISTING, DATE AND PLACE OF BIRTH, E-MAIL ADDRESS, GRADE LEVEL, ENROLLMENT STATUS, MAJOR FIELD OF STUDY, PARTICIPATION IN OFFICIALLY RECOGNIZED ACTIVITIES AND SPORTS, WEIGHT AND HEIGHT OF MEMBERS OF ATHLETIC TEAMS, DATES OF ATTENDANCE, DEGREES AND AWARDS RECEIVED, THE MOST RECENT PREVIOUS SCHOOL OR INSTITUTION ATTENDED BY THE STUDENT, PHOTOGRAPH AND LIKENESS AND OTHER SIMILAR INFORMATION.

- (5) The right to file a complaint with the U.S. Department of Education concerning alleged failures by the district to comply with the requirements of FERPA. The name and address of the office that administers FERPA is:

Family Policy Compliance Office, U.S. Department of Education,  
400 Maryland Ave., SW, Washington, DC, 20202-4605.

The School District may share any information with the Parties contained in a student's permanent record, which is directly related to the juvenile justice system's ability to effectively serve the student. Prior to adjudication information contained in the permanent record may be disclosed by the School District to the Parties without parental consent or court order. Information contained in a student's permanent record may be disclosed by the School District to the Parties after adjudication only with parental consent or a court order. Information shared pursuant to the agreement is used solely for determining the programs and services appropriate to the needs of the student or student's family or coordinating the delivery of programs and services to the student or student's family. Information shared under the agreement is not admissible in any court proceedings, which take place prior to a disposition hearing, unless written consent is obtained from a student's parent, guardian, or legal or actual custodian. Information obtained from others shall not be used for the basis of disciplinary action of the student. This agreement only governs a school district's ability to share information and the purposes for which that information can be used.

## ANNUAL NOTICE

La FERPA (Family Educational Rights and Privacy Act), la ley que trata sobre el derecho a la privacidad y los derechos educativos de la familia, le depara a los padres y a los estudiantes mayores de dieciocho años (estudiantes emancipados) ciertos derechos con respecto a los expedientes académicos del estudiante. Estos derechos están a continuación:

- (1) El derecho a inspeccionar y a revisar los expedientes académicos del estudiante dentro de un plazo de 45 días a partir de la fecha en que el distrito reciba una solicitud para obtener acceso a los expedientes.

Los padres o los estudiantes emancipados deben someter una solicitud por escrito al director de la escuela (o al oficial escolar apropiado) identificando el expediente o los expedientes que ellos desean inspeccionar. El director hará arreglos para el acceso a los mismos y le notificará al padre o a la madre o al estudiante emancipado de la hora y el lugar en donde se pueden inspeccionar los expedientes.

- (2) El derecho a solicitar una enmienda de los expedientes académicos del estudiante, los cuales piensan los padres o el estudiante emancipado que están incorrectos, que son engañosos o que quebrantan los derechos del estudiante a su privacidad.

Si los padres o los estudiantes emancipados creen que un expediente está incorrecto o es engañoso, pueden pedirle al distrito escolar que enmiende el expediente. Ellos deben escribirle al director de la escuela, identificando claramente la parte del expediente que ellos desean cambiar y especificando por qué el expediente está incorrecto o es engañoso.

Si el distrito escolar decide no enmendar el expediente, según la solicitud de los padres o de los estudiantes emancipados; el distrito notificará a los padres o al estudiante emancipado de esta decisión y les informará de su derecho a tener una audiencia con relación a la solicitud de enmienda. Cuando se le notifique del derecho a tener una audiencia, el padre, la madre o el estudiante emancipado también recibirá información adicional sobre los procedimientos de la audiencia.

- (3) El derecho al consentimiento de la divulgación de información contenida en el expediente académico del estudiante y que lo identifica personalmente, a la excepción de lo que autoriza FERPA divulgar sin consentimiento.

Una excepción que permite la divulgación de información sin consentimiento es la divulgación de información a los oficiales escolares que tienen intereses educativos legítimos. Un oficial escolar es una persona que es empleado del distrito ya sea como administrador, supervisor, instructor, personal auxiliar (incluyendo el personal médico o de servicios de salud y el personal policial), una persona miembro de la junta escolar, una persona o compañía con quien el distrito ha contratado para realizar una tarea especial (tal como un abogado, interventor de cuentas, empleados del AEA (Agencias de Educación Regionales), asesor médico o terapeuta), o como un padre o estudiante que participa en un comité oficial, tal como un comité disciplinario o de quejas, o un equipo auxiliar de estudiantes, o como una persona que ayuda a otro oficial escolar a realizar sus tareas.

## ANNUAL NOTICE

Un oficial escolar tiene un interés escolar legítimo si el oficial necesita revisar un expediente académico a fin de cumplir con su obligación profesional.

*[Previa solicitud, el distrito divulgará sin consentimiento los expedientes académicos a los oficiales de otro distrito escolar en el cual el estudiante tiene la intención de matricularse. (Nota: A menos que en su notificación anual haya una declaración indicando que tienen la intención de enviar los expedientes al solicitante cuando éste los solicite. FERPA exige que un distrito escolar haga un intento razonable para notificar al padre o al estudiante emancipado de que han recibido una solicitud para la obtención de los expedientes académicos).*

- (4) El derecho de informarle al distrito escolar de que el padre o la madre no quieren que se comunique al público la información contenida en el directorio, tal como se define abajo. Cualquier estudiante mayor de dieciocho años de edad o padre o madre que no quiera que se comunique al público esta información puede hacer una objeción de los escribiéndole al director a más tardar el (date) de (month) de (year). La objeción tiene que ser renovada anualmente.

Nombre, dirección, número de teléfono, fecha y lugar de nacimiento, materia de estudio principal, participación en deportes y en actividades reconocidas oficialmente, peso y estatura de los miembros de los equipos atléticos, fechas de asistencia a la escuela, diplomas y premios recibidos, la escuela o institución docente más reciente a la que asistió el estudiante, fotografía o imagen u otra información parecida.

- (5) El derecho a presentar una queja al U.S. Department of Education (Ministerio de Educación de los Estados Unidos) con respecto a las faltas supuestas del distrito en cumplir con los requisitos de FERPA. A continuación encontrará el nombre y la dirección de la oficina que maneja FERPA:

Family Policy Compliance Office, U.S. Department of Education, 400 Maryland Ave., S.W., Washington, D.C., 20202-4605.

*[El Distrito Escolar puede intercambiar con cualquiera de las Partes cualquier información contenida en el expediente académico permanente del estudiante. Esta información debe estar relacionada directamente con la capacidad del sistema de justicia de menores para servir efectivamente al estudiante. Antes de la adjudicación, la información contenida en el expediente permanente puede ser divulgado por parte del Distrito Escolar a las Partes sin consentimiento de los padres y sin una orden judicial. Después de la adjudicación, la información contenida en el expediente permanente del estudiante solamente podrá ser divulgada con consentimiento de los padres o por medio de una orden judicial. La información que se intercambie conforme con un acuerdo, será utilizado únicamente para determinar los programas y los servicios apropiados para las necesidades del estudiante o de la familia del estudiante. También se podrá utilizar para coordinar la entrega de los programas y los servicios al*

ANNUAL NOTICE

*estudiante o a la familia del estudiante. A menos que se obtenga un consentimiento por escrito de parte de los padres de un estudiante, del guardián o del custodio legal o real del estudiante, la información que se intercambie en virtud de un acuerdo, no será admisible en ningún procedimiento judicial que tenga lugar antes de una audiencia de disposición. Este acuerdo solamente rige la capacidad de un distrito escolar para intercambiar información y rige los propósitos para los cuales se puede utilizar esa información.*

*El propósito para el cual se intercambia la información antes de la adjudicación del estudiante es para mejorar la seguridad del colegio, reducir el uso ilícito de drogas y de alcohol, reducir las inasistencias a clase, reducir las suspensiones en el colegio y fuera del colegio, y para apoyar las alternativas a las suspensiones y expulsiones en el colegio y fuera del colegio. Estas alternativas proporcionan programas educativos estructurados y bien supervisados, suplidos por servicios adecuados y coordinados que están diseñados para corregir comportamientos que causan inasistencias a clase, suspensiones y expulsiones. Estos programas apoyan a los estudiantes en completar exitosamente su educación.*

*El individuo que solicite la información debe ponerse en contacto con el director del edificio en el cual el estudiante está actualmente matriculado o en el que estuvo matriculado. El director entonces enviará los expedientes dentro de los diez días laborables que le siguen a la fecha en que se recibió la solicitud.*

*La información confidencial que se intercambie entre las Partes y el distrito escolar permanecerá en confianza y no se intercambiará con ninguna otra persona salvo que esté dispuesto por ley. A menos que se obtenga el consentimiento por escrito de parte del padre o la madre del estudiante del guardián o del custodio real o legal del estudiante, ninguna información intercambiada según el acuerdo será admisible en ningún procedimiento judicial que tenga lugar antes de la audiencia.]*



## USE OF STUDENT RECORDS REGULATION

Parents and eligible students will have a right to access a student's education records upon request without unnecessary delay and in no instance more than forty-five calendar days after the request is made. The intent of this regulation is to establish procedures for granting requests from eligible students and parents to access a student's education records.

Education records mean those records that contain information directly related to a student and which are maintained by an education agency or institution or by a party acting for the agency or institution. These may include, but are not necessarily limited to: dates of attendance; academic work completed; level of achievement (grades, standardized test scores); attendance data; scores on standardized intelligence, aptitude, and psychological tests; interest inventory results; health data; family background information; teacher or counselor ratings and observations; and verified reports of serious or recurrent behavior patterns.

### A. Access to Records

1. Parents, eligible students, and other individuals authorized in accordance with law will have access to the student's education records during the regular business hours of the school district. Parents and eligible students will have a right to access the student's education records upon request without unnecessary delay and in no instance more than forty-five calendar days after the request is made. An eligible student or parent, upon written request to the board secretary, shall receive an explanation and interpretation of the education records. A student, eighteen years or older, has the right to determine who, outside the school system, has access to the records. Parents of students who are 18 years or older but still dependents for income tax purposes may access the student's records without prior permission of the student.
2. School officials having access to student records are defined as having a legitimate educational interest. A school official is a person employed by the school district as an administrator, supervisor, instructor or support staff member (including health or medical staff and law enforcement unit personnel); a person serving on the school board; a person or company with whom the school district has contracted to perform a special task (such as an attorney, auditor, AEA employee, medical consultant, or therapist); or a parent or student serving on an official committee, such as disciplinary or grievance committee or student assistance team, or assisting another school official in performing his or her tasks.

B. Release of Information Outside the School – Information from education records may be disclosed to outside parties as outlined in board policy and otherwise provided by law.

### C. Procedures for Requesting a Record Amendment

1. If the eligible student, parent, or legal guardian believe the information in the education records is inaccurate, misleading, or violates the privacy of the student, the parents or an eligible student may request that the school district amend the education student records.
2. The school district will decide whether to amend the education student records within a reasonable time after receipt of the request.
3. If the school district determines an amendment is made to the education student record, the school district will make the amendment and inform the parents or the eligible student of the decision in writing.
4. If the school district determines that amendment of the student's education record is not appropriate, it will inform the parents or the eligible student of their right to a hearing before the hearing officer provided by the school district. The hearing officer may be an employee of the school district, so long as the employee does not have a direct interest in the outcome of the hearing.

5. Upon parental request, the school district will hold a hearing regarding the content of a student's education records which the parent believes to be inaccurate, misleading, or in violation of the privacy rights of students.
6. The hearing will be held within a reasonable time after receipt of the parent or eligible student's request. The parent or eligible student will receive reasonable advance notice of date, time and place of the hearing.
7. The parents or eligible student will be given a full and fair opportunity to present evidence relevant to the issues. The parent or eligible student may be represented by an individual at their choice at their own expense.
8. The hearing officer will render a written decision within a reasonable period after the hearing. The decision will be based upon evidence presented at the hearing and must include a summary of the evidence and the reasons for the decision.
9. The parents may appeal the hearing officer's decision to the superintendent within *[insert number]* days if the superintendent does not have a direct interest in the outcome of the hearing.
10. The parents may appeal the superintendent's decision or the hearing officer's decision if the superintendent was unable to hear the appeal, to the board within *[insert number]* days. It is within the discretion of the board to hear the appeal.
11. If the parents' and the eligible student's request to amend the education student record is further denied following the hearing, the parents or the eligible student are informed that they have a right to place an explanatory letter in the education student record commenting on the school district's decision or setting forth the reasoning for disagreeing with the school district. Additions to the student's education records will become a part of the education student record and be maintained like other education student records. If the school district discloses the education student records, the explanation by the parents will also be disclosed or the eligible student of the decision in writing.

## STUDENT DIRECTORY INFORMATION

Student directory information is designed to be used internally within the school district. Directory information is information contained in the education records of a student that would not generally be considered harmful or an invasion of privacy if disclosed. The district may disclose "directory information" to third parties without consent if it has given public notice of the types of information which it has designated as "directory information," the parent's or eligible student's right to restrict the disclosure of such information, and the period of time within which a parent or eligible student has to notify the school in writing that he or she does not want any or all of those types of information designated as "directory information." The district has designated the following as "directory information": *[Note: a district may, but does not have to, include all the information listed below, which is included in the United States Department of Education's sample policy. This information should match the information contained in 506.1E8, 506.2R1, and 506.2E1].*

- Student's name
- Address
- Telephone listing
- Electronic mail address
- Photograph
- Date and place of birth
- Major field of study
- Dates of attendance
- Grade level
- Participation in officially recognized activities and sports
- Weight and height of members of athletic teams
- Degrees, honors, and awards received
- The most recent educational agency or institution attended
- Student ID number, user ID, or other unique personal identifier used to communicate in electronic systems that cannot be used to access education records without a PIN, password, etc. (A student's SSN, in whole or in part, cannot be used for this purpose.)

Student is defined as an enrolled individual, PK-12 including children in school district sponsored child-care programs.

Prior to developing a student directory or to giving general information to the public, parents (including parents of students open enrolled out of the school district and parents of children home schooled in the school district) will be given notice annually of the intent to develop a directory or to give out general information and have the opportunity to deny the inclusion of their child's information in the directory or in the general information about the students.

It is the responsibility of the superintendent to provide notice and to determine the method of notice that will inform parents.

***NOTE: This is a mandatory policy. A school district may limit what it considers to be directory information. If the school district limits the information, it must also make those changes in the school district's annual notice.***

STUDENT DIRECTORY INFORMATION

Legal Reference: 20 U.S.C. § 1232g.  
34 C.F.R. Pt. 99.  
Iowa Code § 22; 622.10.  
281 I.A.C. 12.3(4); 41.  
1980 Op. Att'y Gen. 720.

Cross Reference: 504 Student Activities  
506 Student Records  
901 Public Examination of School District Records  
902.4 Live Broadcast or videotaping

Approved Nov. 25, 2002

Reviewed June 15, 2020

Revised August 21, 2017

## AUTHORIZATION FOR RELEASING STUDENT DIRECTORY INFORMATION

The Union Community School District has adopted a policy designed to assure parents and students the full implementation, protection and enjoyment of their rights under the Family Educational Rights and Privacy Act of 1974 (FERPA). A copy of the school district's policy is available for review District Office 200 Adams Street La Porte City, Iowa 50651

This law requires the school district to designate as "directory information" any personally identifiable information taken from a student's educational records prior to making such information available to the public.

The school district has designated the following information as directory information: *[Note: a district may, but does not have to, include all the information listed below, which is included in the United States Department of Education's sample policy. This information should match the information contained in 506.1E8, 506.2R1, and 506.2E1].*

- Student's name
- Address
- Telephone listing
- Electronic mail address
- Photograph
- Date and place of birth
- Major field of study
- Dates of attendance
- Grade level
- Participation in officially recognized activities and sports
- Weight and height of members of athletic teams
- Degrees, honors, and awards received
- The most recent educational agency or institution attended
- Student ID number, user ID, or other unique personal identifier used to communicate in electronic systems that cannot be used to access education records without a PIN, password, etc. (A student's SSN, in whole or in part, cannot be used for this purpose.)

You have the right to refuse the designation of any or all of the categories of personally identifiable information as directory information with respect to your student provided that you notify the school district in writing not later than September 1 of the current school year. If you desire to make such a refusal, please complete and return the slip attached to this notice.

If you have no objection to the use of student information, you do not need to take any action.

***NOTE: If the board decides to eliminate name, address or telephone listing from their directory information, military recruiters and postsecondary institutions still have the right, under federal law, to access the three items. If the board eliminates name, address or telephone listing, the district needs to give parents a second notice allowing them to withhold this information from military recruiters or postsecondary institutions.***

AUTHORIZATION FOR RELEASING STUDENT DIRECTORY INFORMATION

RETURN THIS FORM

Community School District Parental Directions to Withhold Student/Directory Information for Education Purposes, for 20\_\_ - 20\_\_ school year.

Student Name: \_\_\_\_\_

Date of Birth \_\_\_\_\_

School: \_\_\_\_\_

Grade: \_\_\_\_\_

(Signature of Parent/Legal Guardian/Custodian of Child)

(Date)

This form must be returned to your child's school no later than \_\_\_\_\_, 20\_\_\_\_. Additional forms are available at your child's school.

## USE OF DIRECTORY INFORMATION

The *Family Educational Rights and Privacy Act* (FERPA), a Federal law, requires that Union Community School District with certain exceptions, obtain your written consent prior to the disclosure of personally identifiable information from your child's education records. However, Union Community School District may disclose appropriately designated "directory information" without written consent, unless you have advised the District to the contrary in accordance with District procedures. The primary purpose of directory information is to allow the Union Community School District to include this type of information from your child's education records in certain school publications. Examples include:

- A playbill, showing your student's role in a drama production;
- The annual yearbook;
- Honor roll or other recognition lists;
- Graduation programs; and,
- Sports activity sheets, such as for wrestling, showing weight and height of team members.

Directory information, which is information that is generally not considered harmful or an invasion of privacy if released, can also be disclosed to outside organizations without a parent's prior written consent. Outside organizations include, but are not limited to, companies that manufacture class rings or publish yearbooks. In addition, two federal laws require local educational agencies (LEAs) receiving assistance under the *Elementary and Secondary Education Act of 1965* (ESEA) to provide military recruiters, upon request, with the following information – names, addresses and telephone listings – unless parents have advised the LEA that they do not want their student's information disclosed without their prior written consent.<sup>1</sup>

If you do not want the Union Community School District to disclose directory information from your child's education records without your prior written consent, you must notify the District in writing by September 1 of the current school year. Union Community School District has designated the following information as directory information: ***[Note: a district may, but does not have to, include all the information listed below, which is included in the United States Department of Education's sample policy. This information should match the information contained in 506.1E8, 506.2, and 506.2E1].***

- Student's name
- Address
- Telephone listing
- Electronic mail address
- Photograph
- Date and place of birth
- Major field of study
- Dates of attendance
- Grade level
- Participation in officially recognized activities and sports
- Weight and height of members of athletic teams
- Degrees, honors, and awards received
- The most recent educational agency or institution attended
- Student ID number, user ID, or other unique personal identifier used to communicate in electronic systems that cannot be used to access education records without a PIN, password, etc. (A student's SSN, in whole or in part, cannot be used for this purpose.)

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<sup>1</sup> These laws are: Section 9528 of the Elementary and Secondary Education Act (20 U.S.C. § 7908) and 10 U.S.C. § 503(c).

## STUDENT PHOTOGRAPHS

The board will permit student "portrait" photographs to be taken on school premises by a commercial photographer as a service to the students and their families.

Parents will be notified prior to the taking of pictures by a commercial photographer for student "portraits." In no case will students be required to have their picture taken or be pressured to purchase pictures.

Students or commercial photographers may take pictures of students upon consent for such things as the yearbook or student newspaper.

It is the responsibility of the superintendent, in conjunction with the principal, to develop administrative rules regarding student photographs.

Legal Reference: Iowa Code § 279.8 (2005).  
1980 Op. Att'y Gen. 114.

Cross Reference: 506 Student Records

Approved Nov. 25, 2002

Reviewed August 17, 2015

Revised \_\_\_\_\_



## STUDENT LIBRARY CIRCULATION RECORDS

Student library circulation records are designed to be used internally to assist in the orderly administration of the school district libraries. As a general rule, student library circulation records are considered confidential records and will not be released without parental consent. Individuals who may access such records include a student's parents, the student, authorized licensed employees, authorized government officials from the U.S. Comptroller General, the Secretary of Education, the Commissioner and Director of the National Institute of Education, and the Assistant Secretary for Education and State Education Department. Appropriate authorities in a health or safety emergency may access the student's library circulation records without the approval or the notification of the student's parents. Parents may not access records, without the student's permission, of a student who has reached the age of majority or who is attending a post-secondary educational institution unless the student is considered a dependent for tax purposes.

It is the teacher-librarian's responsibility, as the person maintaining the student library circulation records, to approve requests for access to student library circulation records. Students' library circulation records may be accessed during the regular business hours of the school district. If copies of documents are requested, a fee for such copying may be charged.

It is the responsibility of the superintendent, in conjunction with the teacher or teacher-librarian, to develop administrative regulations regarding this policy.

Legal Reference: 20 U.S.C. § 1232g (2004).  
34 C.F.R. Pt. 99 (2004).  
Iowa Code §§ 22; 622.10 (2007).  
281 I.A.C. 12.3(6), (12)  
1980 Op. Att'y Gen. 720, 825.

Cross Reference: 506 Student Records

Approved Nov. 25, 2002

Reviewed June 15, 2020

Revised Dec. 17, 2007

STUDENT HEALTH AND IMMUNIZATION CERTIFICATES

Students desiring to participate in athletic activities or enrolling in kindergarten or first grade in the school district will have a physical examination by a licensed physician and provide proof of such an examination to the school district. A physical examination and proof of such an examination may be required by the administration for students in other grades enrolling for the first time in the school district.

A certificate of health stating the results of a physical examination and signed by the physician is on file at the attendance center. Each student will submit an up-to-date certificate of health upon the request of the superintendent. Failure to provide this information may be grounds for disciplinary action.

Students enrolling for the first time in the school district will also submit a certificate of immunization against diphtheria, pertussis, tetanus, poliomyelitis, rubeola, rubella, hepatitis, varicella, and other immunizations required by law. The student may be admitted conditionally to the attendance center if the student has not yet completed the immunization process but is in the process of doing so. Failure to meet the immunization requirement will be grounds for suspension, expulsion or denial of admission. Upon recommendation of the Iowa Department of Education and Iowa Department of Public Health, students entering the district for the first time may be required to pass a TB test prior to admission. The district may conduct TB tests of current students.

Exemptions from the immunization requirement in this policy will be allowed only for medical or religious reasons recognized under the law. The student must provide a valid Iowa State Department of Health Certificate of Immunization Exemption to be exempt from this policy.

Legal Reference: Iowa Code §§ 139.9; 280.13 (2005).  
281 I.A.C. 33.5.  
641 I.A.C. 7.

Cross Reference: 402.2 Child Abuse Reporting  
501 Student Attendance  
507 Student Health and Well-Being

Approved Dec 19, 2002

Reviewed June 15, 2020

Revised Jan. 15, 2007

## ADMINISTRATION OF MEDICATION TO STUDENTS

The board is committed to the inclusion of all students in the education program and recognizes that some students may need prescription and nonprescription medication to participate in their educational program.

Medication shall be administered when the student's parent or guardian (hereafter "parent") provides a signed and dated written statement requesting medication administration and the medication is in the original, labeled container, either as dispensed or in the manufacturer's container. Administration of medication may also occur consistent with board policy 804.05.

When administration of the medication requires ongoing professional health judgment, an individual health plan shall be developed by an authorized practitioner with the student and the student's parent. Students who have demonstrated competence in administering their own medications may self-administer their medication. A written statement by the student's parent shall be on file requesting co-administration of medication, when competence has been demonstrated. By law, students with asthma or other airway constricting diseases or students at risk of anaphylaxis who use epinephrine auto-injectors may self-administer their medication upon the written approval of the student's parents and prescribing licensed health care professionals regardless of competency.

Persons administering medication shall include authorized practitioners, such as licensed registered nurses and physician, and persons to whom authorized practitioners have delegated the administration of medication (who have successfully completed a medication administration course). A medication administration course and periodic update shall be conducted by a registered nurse or licensed pharmacist, and a record of course completion shall be maintained by the school.

A written medication administration record shall be on file including:

- date;
- student's name;
- prescriber or person authorizing administration;
- medication;
- medication dosage;
- administration time;
- administration method;
- signature and title of the person administering medication; and
- any unusual circumstances, actions, or omissions.

Medication shall be stored in a secured area unless an alternate provision is documented. Emergency protocols for medication-related reactions shall be posted. Medication information shall be confidential information as provided by law

Disposal of unused, discontinued/recalled, or expired medication shall be in compliance with federal and state law. Prior to disposal school personnel shall make a reasonable attempt to return medication by providing written notification that expired, discontinued, or unused medications needs to be picked up. If medication is not picked up by the date specified, disposal shall be in accordance with the disposal procedures for the specific category of medication.

*Note: This is a mandatory policy. This law reflects the Iowa Department of Education's special education administrative rule regarding administration of medication.*

*Note: Iowa law requires school districts to allow students with asthma, airway constricting disease, or respiratory distress to carry and self-administer their medication as long as the parents and prescribing physician report and approve in writing. Students do not have to prove competency to the school district. The consent form is all that is required. School districts that determine students are abusing their self-administration may either withdraw the self-administration if medically advisable or discipline the student, or both.*

Legal Reference: Disposing on Behalf of Ultimate Users, 79 Fed. Reg. 53520, 53546 (Sept. 9, 2014).  
Iowa Code §§124.101(1); 147.107; 152.1; 155A.4(2); 280.16; 280.23.  
281 IAC §41.404(3)  
657 IAC §8.32(124); §8.32(155A).  
655 IAC §6.2(152).

Cross Reference: 506 Student Records  
507 Student Health and Well-Being  
603.3 Special Education  
607.2 Student Health Services

Approved May 16, 2005

Reviewed November 20, 2022 Revised November 20, 2022

Authorization Asthma or OTHER Airway Constricting DISEASE Medication OR EPINEPHRINE AUTO-INJECTOR Self-Administration Consent Form

\_\_\_\_\_/\_\_\_\_\_/\_\_\_\_\_  
 Student's Name (Last), (First) (Middle)      Birthday      School      Date

The following must occur for a student to self-administer asthma or other airway constricting disease medication or for a student with a risk of anaphylaxis to self-administer an epinephrine auto-injector:

- Parent/guardian provides signed, dated authorization for student medication self-administration.
- Parent/guardian provides a written statement from the student's licensed health care professional (A person licensed under chapter 148 to practice medicine and surgery or osteopathic medicine and surgery, an advanced registered nurse practitioner licensed under chapter 152 or 152E and registered with the board of nursing, or a physician assistant licensed to practice under the supervision of a physician as authorized in chapters 147 and 148C) containing the following:
  - Name and purpose of the medication,
  - Prescribed dosage, and
  - Times or special circumstances under which the medication or epinephrine auto-injector is to be administered.
- The medication is in the original, labeled container as dispensed or the manufacturer's labeled container containing the student name, name of the medication, directions for use, and date.
- Authorization shall be renewed annually. In addition, if any changes occur in the medication, dosage or time of administration, the parent is to notify school officials immediately. The authorization shall be reviewed as soon as practical.

Provided the above requirements are fulfilled, the school shall permit the self-administration of medication by a student with asthma or other airway constricting disease or the use of an epinephrine auto-injector by a student with a risk of anaphylaxis while in school, at school-sponsored activities, under the supervision of school personnel, and before or after normal school activities, such as while in before-school or after-school care on school-operated property. If the student abuses the self-administration policy, the ability to self-administer may be withdrawn by the school or discipline may be imposed, after notification is provided to the student's parent.

Pursuant to state law, the school district or and its employees are to incur no liability, except for gross negligence, as a result of any injury arising from self-administration of medication or use of an epinephrine auto-injector by the student. The parent or guardian of the student shall sign a statement acknowledging that the school district is to incur no liability, except for gross negligence, as a result of self-administration of medication or an epinephrine auto-injector by the student as provided by law.

Authorization-Asthma or Airway Constricting Medication  
Self-Administration Consent Form

Medication	Dosage	Route	Time
------------	--------	-------	------

Purpose of Medication & Administration /Instructions

Special Circumstances

\_\_\_\_\_/\_\_\_\_\_/\_\_\_\_\_  
Discontinue/Re-Evaluate/  
Follow-up Date

Prescriber's Signature

\_\_\_\_\_/\_\_\_\_\_/\_\_\_\_\_  
Date

Prescriber's Address

\_\_\_\_\_  
Emergency Phone

- I request the above named student possess and self-administer asthma or other airway constricting disease medication(s) and/or an epinephrine auto-injector at school and in school activities according to the authorization and instructions.
- I understand the school district and its employees acting reasonably and in good faith shall incur no liability for any improper use of medication or an epinephrine auto-injector or for supervising, monitoring, or interfering with a student's self-administration of medication or use of an epinephrine auto-injector. I acknowledge that the school district is to incur no liability, except for gross negligence, as a result of self-administration of medication or use of an epinephrine auto-injector by the student.
- I agree to coordinate and work with school personnel and notify them when questions arise or relevant conditions change.
- I agree to provide safe delivery of medication and equipment to and from school and to pick up remaining medication and equipment.
- I agree the information is shared with school personnel in accordance with the Family Education Rights and Privacy Act (FERPA) and any other applicable laws.
- I agree to provide the school with back-up medication approved in this form.
- Student maintains self-administration record.

\_\_\_\_\_  
Parent/Guardian Signature  
(agreed to above statement)

\_\_\_\_\_/\_\_\_\_\_/\_\_\_\_\_  
Date

\_\_\_\_\_  
Parent/Guardian Address

\_\_\_\_\_  
Home Phone/Cell Phone

\_\_\_\_\_  
Self-Administration Authorization Additional Information

PARENTAL AUTHORIZATION AND RELEASE FORM FOR THE ADMINISTRATION OF MEDICATION TO STUDENTS

Student's Name (Last), (First), (Middle) Birthday School Date

School medications and health services are administered following these guidelines:

- Parent has provided a signed, dated authorization to administer medication and/or provide the health service.
The medication is in the original, labeled container as dispensed or the manufacturer's labeled container.
The medication label contains the student's name, name of the medication, directions for use, and date.
Authorization is renewed annually and as soon as practical when the parent notifies the school that changes are necessary.

Medication/Health Care Dosage Route Time at School

Administration instructions

Special Directives, Signs to Observe and Side Effects

Discontinue/Re-Evaluate/Follow-up Date

Prescriber's Signature Date

Prescriber's Address Emergency Phone

I request the above named student carry medication at school and school activities, according to the prescription, or other medication administration instructions, and a written record kept. Special considerations are noted above. The information is confidential except as provided by the Family Educational Rights and Privacy Act (FERPA) and any other applicable law. I agree to coordinate and work with school personnel and prescriber (if any) when questions arise. I agree to provide safe delivery of medication and equipment to and from school and to pick up remaining medication and equipment. Procedures for medication disposal shall be in accordance with federal and state law.

PARENTAL AUTHORIZATION AND RELEASE FORM FOR THE ADMINISTRATION  
OF MEDICATION TO STUDENTS

\_\_\_\_\_  
Parent's Signature

\_\_\_\_\_/\_\_\_\_\_/\_\_\_\_\_  
Date

\_\_\_\_\_  
Parent's Address

\_\_\_\_\_  
Home Phone

\_\_\_\_\_  
Additional Information

\_\_\_\_\_  
Business Phone

\_\_\_\_\_

\_\_\_\_\_

\_\_\_\_\_  
Authorization Form



COMMUNICABLE DISEASES - STUDENTS

Students with a communicable disease will be allowed to attend school provided their presence does not create a substantial risk of illness or transmission to other students or employees. The term "communicable disease" will mean an infectious or contagious disease spread from person to person, or animal to person, or as defined by law.

Prevention and control of communicable diseases is included in the school district's bloodborne pathogens exposure control plan. The procedures will include scope and application, definitions, exposure control, methods of compliance, universal precautions, vaccination, post-exposure evaluation, follow-up, communication of hazards to employees and record keeping. This plan is reviewed annually by the superintendent and school nurse.

The health risk to immunosuppressed students is determined by their personal physician. The health risk to others in the school district environment from the presence of a student with a communicable disease is determined on a case-by-case basis by the student's personal physician, a physician chosen by the school district or public health officials.

It is the responsibility of the superintendent, in conjunction with the school nurse, to develop administrative regulations stating the procedures for dealing with students with a communicable disease.

Legal Reference:        School Board of Nassau County v. Arline, 480 U.S. 273 (1987).  
                                 29 U.S.C. §§ 701 *et seq.* (1994).  
                                 45 C.F.R. Pt. 84.3 (2002).  
                                 Iowa Code ch. 139 (2005).  
                                 641 I.A.C. 1.2-.5, 7.

Cross Reference:        403.3    Communicable Diseases - Employees  
                                 506        Student Records  
                                 507        Student Health and Well-Being



Approved Dec. 19, 2002





Reviewed June 15, 2020

Revised \_\_\_\_\_

# GUIDE TO CHILDHOOD ILLNESS

## Recommendations for Parents, Schools and Child Care Facilities

	ILLNESS	WHAT YOU SEE	WHAT TO DO	WHEN CAN CHILD GO BACK TO SCHOOL OR CHILD CARE?
	<b>5<sup>th</sup> DISEASE (Erythema infectiosum)</b>	Fever, headache and very red cheeks. Lace-like rash on chest, stomach, arms and legs that lasts 3 days to 3 weeks. You may see the rash off and on. Usual for ages 5-14 and is unusual in adults.	To help your child feel comfortable give plenty of liquids. Ask your doctor about using over the counter pain or fever medicines. Prevent scratching by trimming fingernails and putting gloves on the child during the night.	Child does not need to miss school/child care.
	<b>CHICKEN POX (Varicella)</b>	Itchy, blistery rash with mild fever. Blisters usually occur in clumps and are more commonly seen in covered parts of body. After several days, blisters scab over. Some children have only a few blisters, others can have several hundred.	Call your doctor. Your doctor can give advice on treatment and care for your child. Calamine lotion or cool sodium bicarbonate baths can help to reduce itching. Prevent scratching by trimming fingernails and putting gloves on the child during the night.	Child should stay home during the time when he can infect another child, usually until all the scabs disappear, which is commonly about 5 or 6 days.
	<b>COLD SORES</b>	Fever, painful, small, fluid-filled blisters on mouth, gums or lips. The sores are usually reddish or purple and can appear one at a time or in little bunches.	The sores should be kept as dry and protected as possible. Do not allow children to share toys.	Child does not need to miss school/child care.
	<b>COMMON COLD</b>	Sore throat, runny nose, watery eyes, sneezing, chills and a sleepy or tired feeling.	Make sure the child gets plenty of rest. Ask your doctor about using over the counter pain or fever medicines. The child and those caring for him should wash their hands regularly.	Child does not need to miss school/child care as long as she can participate easily.
	<b>DIARRHEA</b>	The child's bowel movements are more frequent, loose and watery than usual.	Make sure the child gets plenty of rest and give a diet of clear liquids. Breastfeeding can continue. If symptoms continue, fever occurs, or if blood appears in stool, call your doctor. The child and those caring for her should wash their hands regularly.	Child can go back to school/child care when diarrhea is gone and the child feels better.
	<b>FEVER</b>	An increase in body temperature above normal. It does not always indicate serious illness. A fever may be present if the child's temperature is 101 degrees measured by the mouth.	Call your doctor if your child is uncomfortable or has a change in behavior. If a child under 8 weeks of age has an armpit temperature of 100 degrees, call your doctor.	Child does not need to be excluded unless he has a fever with behavior changes, signs or symptoms of illness.
	<b>FLU (Influenza)</b>	Fever, chills, sore throat, cough, headache, muscle aches, sleepiness.	Make sure child gets plenty of rest. Ask your doctor about using over the counter pain or fever medicines. The child and those caring for him or her should wash their hands regularly.	Child can go back to school/child care after the child feels well and has not had a fever for 24 hours.
	<b>HEPATITIS</b>	Stomach pain, sick feeling, fever. Skin and eyes might turn yellow.	<b>Call your doctor immediately.</b>	Child can go back to school/child care when the doctor permits.
	<b>IMPETIGO</b>	Sore with a yellow, honey colored scab. It may ooze and drain. Most sores are on the face, around the nose and mouth.	Take your child to the doctor. Your doctor may give you medicine and will tell you how to take care of the sores. The child and those caring for him or her should wash their hands regularly.	Child can go back to school/child care 24 hours after the child started medicine from the doctor, or until the doctor permits return.

	<b>LICE (Pediculosis)</b>	Lice (bugs) and eggs (nits) in hair near scalp, especially on top of head, behind ears, and back of neck causing scalp to itch.	Use regular shampoo and cream rinse daily for 14 days combing hair with a fine toothed comb while cream rinse is still in the hair.	Child does not need to miss school/child care.
	<b>MEASLES</b>	Unusual in the United States. There are two kinds: <b>Rubeola:</b> High fever, watery eyes, runny nose, cough, then red rash. <b>Rubella:</b> Mild fever, swollen glands in the back of the neck and behind the ears followed by a red raised rash.	<b>Call your doctor immediately.</b>	Child can go back to school/child care when the doctor permits.
	<b>MENINGITIS</b>	Fever, headache and stiff neck are common symptoms in anyone over 2 years old. Newborns and small infants may appear slow or inactive, be irritable, vomit or feed poorly.	<b>Call your doctor immediately.</b>	Child can go back to school/child care when the doctor permits.
	<b>MUMPS</b>	Unusual in the United States. Fever, swollen and sore glands at the jaw.	<b>Call your doctor immediately.</b> Give plenty of liquids. Ask your doctor about using over the counter pain or fever medicines.	Child can go back to school/child care when the doctor permits, usually 9 days after start of swollen glands or when swelling goes away.
	<b>PINK EYE (Conjunctivitis)</b>	Eyes water, are red/pink, may be itchy and painful and there may be creamy or yellow discharge. The eyelids may be matted after sleep.	Child with fever should be seen by a doctor. Child without fever should continue to be watched by parents or child care providers.	Child with fever can go back to school/child care when the doctor permits. Child without fever can remain in school/child care.
	<b>PNEUMONIA</b>	Fever, chills, cough. Child may have problems breathing.	<b>Call your doctor immediately.</b>	Child can go back to school/child care when the doctor permits.
	<b>RINGWORM</b>	Ring shaped, scaly spot on skin or head. May leave a lighter spot on skin or a flaky patch of baldness on head. May have a raised donutshaped appearance.	<b>Call your doctor immediately.</b> Ringworm is spread by direct skin to skin contact. Cover the area to prevent spreading of the fungus. Do not let your child share personal items (combs, brushes, clothing, towels, bedding). Dry skin thoroughly after washing and wash bathroom surfaces and toys daily.	Child does not need to miss school/child care. Child should not go to the gym, swimming pools or play contact sports. It is important to know that treatment may take at least 4 weeks.
	<b>SCABIES</b>	Severe itching that can be worse at night. You may see small red bumps on the skin.	<b>Call your doctor immediately.</b>	Child can go back to school/child care 24 hours after first treatment.
	<b>STREP THROAT</b>	Sore throats can be due to many causes. Strep throat is a severe form of a sore throat. Common symptoms include: scratchy and sore throat, hard to swallow, fever, enlarged glands.	<b>Call your doctor immediately.</b> Make sure the child takes all prescribed medicines on schedule and for as many days as your doctor has directed.	Child can go back to school/child care 24 hours after both antibiotics are started and there is no fever.
	<b>WHOOPING COUGH (Pertussis)</b>	Severe "whoop" sound in cough, vomiting may be seen with the cough.	<b>Call your doctor immediately.</b> Your child will need careful monitoring to ensure adequate nutrition, hydration, and clearance of mucous secretions.	Child can go back to school/child care when the doctor permits, usually after 5 days of antibiotics.

hawk-i : HEALTHY AND WELL KIDS IN IOWA

**healthy and well  
kids in iowa**

Health care coverage to qualified children

**Is low cost or free health care coverage available to your child?**

**Healthy and Well Kids in Iowa (*hawk-i*) provides:**

**\* Dental and Vision \* Immunizations \* Child physicals \* Medicine from the doctor and much more!**

**Even working families of four earning up to \$36,200 may qualify. More information on *hawk-i* can be found at 1-800-257-8563 or [www.hawk-i.org](http://www.hawk-i.org)**

# DISEASES REPORTABLE TO IOWA DEPARTMENT OF PUBLIC HEALTH

DISEASE REPORTING HOTLINE: 800 362-2736

SECURE FAX: 515 281-5698

## REPORTING

Reporting daily by fax or phone promotes and protects the health of Iowans.

## OUTBREAK REPORTING

Outbreaks of any kind, unusual syndromes, or uncommon diseases should be **reported immediately by phone**. These could be infectious, environmental or occupational in origin including food-borne outbreaks and illness secondary to chemical exposures (e.g., pesticides, anhydrous ammonia).

## BIOTERRORISM REPORTING

Diseases or syndromes of any kind caused by a biological, chemical or radiological agent or toxin when the provider reasonably believes or suspects that the agent or toxin may be the result of a deliberate act such as terrorism should be **reported immediately by phone**. Examples of these agents or toxins include (but are not limited to) anthrax, mustard gas, sarin gas, ricin, tularemia and smallpox.

REPORTABLE DISEASE / CONDITION	REPORTING REQUIREMENTS	MAXIMUM TIME FRAME
Acquired immune deficiency syndrome (AIDS) and AIDS defining conditions	Mail "Pediatric or Adult Confidential Case Report" form. Laboratories: Mail copy of lab report or the "Iowa Confidential Report of Sexually Transmitted Diseases & HIV Infection" form.	Weekly
Anthrax	Report by phone, fax or mail.	Weekly
Botulism	Report by phone - 800-362-2736.	Immediately
Brucellosis	Report by phone, fax or mail.	Weekly
Campylobacteriosis	Report by phone, fax or mail.	Weekly
Chlamydia	Mail "Iowa Confidential Report of Sexually Transmitted Diseases & HIV Infection" form.	Weekly
Cholera	Report by phone - 800-362-2736.	Immediately
Cryptosporidiosis	Report by phone, fax or mail.	Weekly
Cyclospora	Report by phone, fax or mail.	Weekly
Diphtheria	Report by phone - 800-362-2736.	Immediately
Encephalitis, arboviral (e.g., West Nile, St. Louis, LaCrosse, WEE, EEE, VEE)	Report by phone, fax or mail.	Weekly
Enterococcus, <u>invasive</u> disease	Laboratories: Send isolates to University Hygienic Lab (UHL) - 319 335-4500.	Weekly
<i>Escherichia coli</i> O157:H7 and related diseases including HUS	Report by phone, fax or mail. Laboratories: Send isolates to University Hygienic Lab (UHL) - 319 335-4500.	Weekly
Giardiasis	Report by phone, fax or mail.	Weekly
Gonorrhea	Mail "Iowa Confidential Report of Sexually Transmitted Diseases & HIV Infection" form.	Weekly
<i>Haemophilus influenzae</i> type B, <u>invasive</u> disease	Report by phone - 800-362-2736. Laboratories: send isolates to University Hygienic Lab (UHL) - 319 335-4500.	Immediately
Hansen's disease (Leprosy)	Report by phone, fax or mail.	Weekly
Hantavirus syndromes	Report by phone, fax or mail.	Weekly
Hepatitis A, B, C, D, E	Report by phone, fax or mail.	Weekly
Human immunodeficiency virus (HIV) infection including HIV-exposed newborn infants	Mail "Pediatric or Adult Confidential Case Report" form. Laboratories: Mail copy of lab report or the "Iowa Confidential Report of Sexually Transmitted Diseases & HIV Infection" form.	Weekly
Legionellosis	Report by phone, fax or mail.	Weekly
<i>Listeria monocytogenes</i> , <u>invasive</u> disease	Report by phone, fax or mail. Laboratories: Send isolates to University Hygienic Lab (UHL) - 319 335-4500.	Weekly
Lyme disease	Report by phone, fax or mail.	Weekly
Malaria	Report by phone, fax or mail.	Weekly
Measles (rubeola)	Report by phone - 800-362-2736.	Immediately
Meningococcal, <u>invasive</u> disease	Report by phone - 800-362-2736. Laboratories: Send isolates to University Hygienic Lab (UHL) - 319 335-4500.	Immediately
Mumps	Report by phone, fax or mail.	Weekly
Pertussis	Report by phone, fax or mail.	Weekly
Plague	Report by phone - 800-362-2736.	Immediately
Poliomyelitis	Report by phone - 800-362-2736.	Immediately
Psittacosis	Report by phone, fax or mail.	Weekly
Rabies (human and animal)	Report human cases by phone - 800-362-2736. Report animal cases by phone, fax or mail.	Immediately Weekly
Rocky Mountain spotted fever (RMSF)	Report by phone, fax or mail.	Weekly
Rubella (including congenital)	Report by phone, fax or mail.	Weekly
Salmonellosis (including Typhoid fever)	Report by phone, fax or mail. Laboratories: Send isolates to University Hygienic Lab (UHL) - 319 335-4500.	Weekly
Severe acute respiratory syndrome (SARS)	Report by phone - 800-362-2736.	Immediately
Shigellosis	Report by phone, fax or mail. Laboratories: send isolates to University Hygienic Lab (UHL) - 319 335-4500.	Weekly
Smallpox	Report by phone - 800-362-2736.	Immediately
<i>Staphylococcus aureus</i> : <u>Invasive</u> disease Methicillin-resistant, <u>invasive</u> disease Vancomycin-resistant	Laboratories: Mail only the <b>number</b> of isolates to University Hygienic Lab (UHL.)	Quarterly
	Laboratories: Send isolates to University Hygienic Lab (UHL) - 319 335-4500.	Weekly
	Report by phone - 800-362-2736. Laboratories: Send isolates to University Hygienic Lab (UHL) - 319 335-4500.	Immediately Weekly
<i>Streptococcus pneumoniae</i> , <u>invasive</u> disease	Laboratories: Send isolates to University Hygienic Lab (UHL) - 319 335-4500.	Weekly
Streptococcus, Group A, <u>invasive</u> disease	Laboratories: Send isolates to University Hygienic Lab (UHL) - 319 335-4500.	Weekly
Syphilis	Mail "Iowa Confidential Report of Sexually Transmitted Diseases & HIV Infection" form.	Weekly
Tetanus	Report by phone, fax or mail.	Weekly
Toxic shock syndrome	Report by phone, fax or mail.	Weekly
Trichinosis	Report by phone, fax or mail.	Weekly
Tuberculosis	Report pulmonary and laryngeal (infectious) by phone - 800-362-2736.	Immediately
	Report extra-pulmonary by phone, fax or mail.	Weekly
Viral hemorrhagic fever (VHF) (e.g., Lassa, Marburg, Ebola, Crimean-Congo, South American)	Report by phone - 800-362-2736.	Immediately

Reporting of the above diseases is required by Iowa Administrative Code [641] Chapter 1

Iowa Department of Public Health/Center for Acute Disease Epidemiology

Lucas State Office Building, 321 E. 12<sup>th</sup> Street Des Moines, Iowa 50319-0075 Phone - 800 362-2736 Secure fax - 515 281-5698 Visit

our web site at <http://www.idph.state.ia.us>

STD questions - call 515 281-3031.....HIV/AIDS questions - call 515 242-5150.....Immunization questions - call 515 281-4938.....TB questions - call 515 281-7504

Reporting forms may be obtained by calling 888 398-9696

09/04

REPORTING FORM

Source: Iowa Department of Public Health (1997).

REPORT THE FOLLOWING DISEASES IMMEDIATELY BY TELEPHONE (1-800-362-2736)

- |            |                   |                           |
|------------|-------------------|---------------------------|
| Botulism   | Poliomyelitis     | Yellow Fever              |
| Cholera    | Rabies (Human)    | Disease outbreaks of      |
| Diphtheria | Rubella           | any public health concern |
| Plague     | Rubeola (measles) |                           |

WEEK ENDING \_\_\_\_\_

REPORT ALL OTHER DISEASES BELOW.

See 507.3E2 for list of reportable infectious diseases.

DISEASE	PATIENT	COUNTY OR CITY	DOB	SEX
	Name <span style="float:right">Parent (If applicable)</span>			
	Address			
	Attending Physician			
	Name <span style="float:right">Parent (If applicable)</span>			
	Address			
	Attending Physician			
	Name <span style="float:right">Parent (If applicable)</span>			
	Address			
	Attending Physician			
	Name <span style="float:right">Parent (If applicable)</span>			
	Address			
	Attending Physician			
	Name <span style="float:right">Parent (If applicable)</span>			
	Address			
	Attending Physician			

Reporting Physician, Hospital, or Other Authorized Person

Address

Remarks:

FOR SCHOOLS ONLY: Report over 10% absent only. Total enrollment: _____					
	Monday	Tuesday	Wednesday	Thursday	Friday
No. Absent					
% of Enrollment					
REPORT NUMBER OF CASES ONLY					
___	Chickenpox	___	Gastroenteritis		
___	Erythema infectiosum (5 <sup>th</sup> Disease)	___	Influenza-like illness (URI)		

STUDENT ILLNESS OR INJURY AT SCHOOL

When a student becomes ill or is injured at school, the school district will attempt to notify the student's parents as soon as possible.

The school district, while not responsible for medical treatment of an ill or injured student, will have employees present administer emergency or minor first aid if possible. An ill or injured child will be turned over to the care of the parents or qualified medical employees as quickly as possible.

It is the responsibility of the principal to file an accident report with the superintendent within twenty-four hours after the student is injured.

Annually, parents are required to complete a medical emergency authorization form indicating the procedures to be followed, if possible, in an emergency involving their child. The authorization form will also include the phone numbers of the parents and alternative numbers to call in case of an injury or illness.

The superintendent is responsible, in conjunction with the school nurse, to develop rules and regulations governing the procedure in the event a student should become ill or be injured at school.

Legal Reference: Iowa Code § 613.17 (2005).

Cross Reference: 507 Student Health and Well-Being

Approved Dec. 19, 2002

Reviewed June 15, 2020

Revised \_\_\_\_\_



## EMERGENCY PLANS AND DRILLS

Students will be informed of the appropriate action to take in an emergency. Emergency drills for fire, weather, and other disasters are conducted each school year. Fire and tornado drills are each conducted regularly during the academic school year with a minimum of two before December 31 and two after January 1.

Each attendance center will develop and maintain a written plan containing emergency and disaster procedures. The plan will be communicated to and reviewed with employees. Employees will participate in emergency drills. Licensed employees are responsible for instructing the proper techniques to be followed in the drill.

Legal Reference: Iowa Code § 100.31 (2005).  
281 I.A.C. 41.25(3).

Cross Reference: 507 Student Health and Well-Being  
711.10 School Bus Safety Instruction  
804 Safety Program

Approved Dec. 19, 2002

Reviewed June 15, 2020

Revised Jan. 15, 2007

## STUDENT INSURANCE

Students will have the opportunity to participate in the health and accident insurance plan selected by the school district. The cost of the health and accident insurance program is borne by the student. Participation in the insurance health and accident plan is not a contract with the school district, but rather, a contract between the insurance company and the student.

Students participating in intramural or extracurricular athletics are required to have health and accident insurance. The student will bring written proof of insurance or participate in the health and accident insurance program selected by the school district.

Legal Reference: Iowa Code § 279.8 (2005).

Cross Reference: 504 Student Activities  
507 Student Health and Well-Being

Approved Dec. 12, 2002

Reviewed June 15, 2020

Revised Jan. 15, 2007

CUSTODY AND PARENTAL RIGHTS

Disagreements between family members are not the responsibility of the school district. The school district will not take the "side" of one family member over another in a disagreement about custody or parental rights. Court orders that have been issued are followed by the school district. It is the responsibility of the person requesting an action by the school district to inform and provide the school district the court order allowing such action.

This policy does not prohibit an employee from listening to a student's problems and concerns.

It is the responsibility of the superintendent to ensure employees remain neutral in a disagreement about custody and parental rights.

Legal Reference: Iowa Code §§ 232.67, .70, .73, .75; 235A; 279.8; 710.6 (2005).  
441 I.A.C. 9.2; 155; 175.

Cross Reference: 506 Student Records  
507 Student Health and Well-Being

Approved Dec. 19, 2002

Reviewed June 15, 2020

Revised \_\_\_\_\_

STUDENT SPECIAL HEALTH SERVICES

The board recognizes that some special education students need special health services during the school day. These students will receive special health services in conjunction with their individualized education program.

The superintendent, in conjunction with licensed health personnel, will establish administrative regulations for the implementation of this policy.

Legal Reference:        Board of Education v. Rowley, 458 U.S. 176 (1982).  
                              Springdale School District #50 v. Grace, 693 F.2d 41 (8th Cir. 1982).  
                              Southeast Warren Comm. School District v. Dept. of Public Instruction, 285  
                              N.W.2d 173 (Iowa 1979).  
                              20 U.S.C. §§ 1400 *et seq.* (1994).  
                              34 C.F.R. Pt. 300 *et seq.* (2002).  
                              Iowa Code §§ 256.11(7); 256B; 273.2, .5, .9(2)-(3); 280.8 (2005).  
                              281 I.A.C. 12.3(7), 41.96

Cross Reference:        502     Student Rights and Responsibilities  
                              506     Student Records  
                              603.3   Special Education

Approved Dec. 19, 2002

Reviewed June 15, 2020

Revised \_\_\_\_\_

## SPECIAL HEALTH SERVICES REGULATION

Some students who require special education need special health services in order to participate in the educational program. These students will receive special health services in accordance with their individualized educational program.

### A. Definitions

"Assignment and delegation" - occurs when licensed health personnel, in collaboration with the education team, determine the special health services to be provided and the qualifications of individuals performing the health services. Primary consideration is given to the recommendation of the licensed health personnel. Each designation considers the student's special health service. The rationale for the designation is documented. If the designation decision of the team differs from the licensed health professional, team members may file a dissenting opinion.

"Co-administration" - the eligible student's participation in the planning, management and implementation of the student's special health service and demonstration of proficiency to licensed health personnel.

"Educational program" - includes all school curricular programs and activities both on and off school grounds.

"Education team" - may include the eligible student, the student's parent, administrator, teacher, licensed health personnel, and others involved in the student's educational program.

"Health assessment" - health data collection, observation, analysis, and interpretation relating to the eligible student's educational program.

"Health instruction" - education by licensed health personnel to prepare qualified designated personnel to deliver and perform special health services contained in the eligible student's health plan. Documentation of education and periodic updates are on file at school.

"Individual health plan" - the confidential, written, preplanned and ongoing special health service in the educational program. It includes assessment, planning, implementation, documentation, evaluation and a plan for emergencies. The plan is updated as needed and at least annually. Licensed health personnel develop this written plan with the education team.

"Licensed health personnel" - includes licensed registered nurse, licensed physician, and other licensed health personnel legally authorized to provide special health services and medications.

"Prescriber" - licensed health personnel legally authorized to prescribe special health services and medications.

"Qualified designated personnel" - persons instructed, supervised and competent in implementing the eligible student's health plan.

"Special health services" - includes, but is not limited to, services for eligible students whose health status (stable or unstable) requires:

- Interpretation or intervention,
- Administration of health procedures and health care, or
- Use of a health device to compensate for the reduction or loss of a body function.

## SPECIAL HEALTH SERVICES REGULATION

"Supervision" - the assessment, delegation, evaluation and documentation of special health services by licensed health personnel. Levels of supervision include situations in which licensed health personnel are:

- physically present.
- available at the same site.
- available on call.

B. Licensed health personnel will provide special health services under the auspices of the school. Duties of the licensed personnel include the duty to:

- Participate as a member of the education team.
- Provide the health assessment.
- Plan, implement and evaluate the written individual health plan.
- Plan, implement and evaluate special emergency health services.
- Serve as liaison and encourage participation and communication with health service agencies and individuals providing health care.
- Provide health consultation, counseling and instruction with the eligible student, the student's parent and the staff in cooperation and conjunction with the prescriber.
- Maintain a record of special health services. The documentation includes the eligible student's name, special health service, prescriber or person authorizing, date and time, signature and title of the person providing the special health service and any unusual circumstances in the provision of such services.
- Report unusual circumstances to the parent, school administration, and prescriber.
- Assign and delegate to, instruct, provide technical assistance and supervise qualified designated personnel.
- Update knowledge and skills to meet special health service needs.

C. Prior to the provision of special health services the following will be on file:

- Written statement by the prescriber detailing the specific method and schedule of the special health service, when indicated.
- Written statement by the student's parent requesting the provision of the special health service.
- Written report of the preplanning staffing or meeting of the education team.
- Written individual health plan available in the health record and integrated into the IEP or IFSP.

D. Licensed health personnel, in collaboration with the education team, will determine the special health services to be provided and the qualifications of individuals performing the special health services. The documented rationale will include the following:

- Analysis and interpretation of the special health service needs, health status stability, complexity of the service, predictability of the service outcome and risk of improperly performed service.
- Determination that the special health service, task, procedure or function is part of the person's job description.
- Determination of the assignment and delegation based on the student's needs.
- Review of the designated person's competency.
- Determination of initial and ongoing level of supervision required to ensure quality services.

SPECIAL HEALTH SERVICES REGULATION

- E. Licensed health personnel will supervise the special health services, define the level of supervision and document the supervision.
- F. Licensed health personnel will instruct qualified designated personnel to deliver and perform special health services contained in the eligible individual health plan. Documentation of instruction and periodic updates are on file at school.
- G. Parents will provide the usual equipment, supplies and necessary maintenance for such. The equipment is stored in a secure area. The personnel responsible for the equipment are designated in the individual health plan. The individual health plan will designate the role of the school, parents, and others in the provision, supply, storage and maintenance of necessary equipment.

## WELLNESS POLICY

The Union Community School District Board of Education is committed to the optimal development of every student. The board believes for students to have the opportunity to achieve personal, academic, developmental, and social success, there needs to be a positive, safe, and health-promoting learning environment at every level, in every setting.

The school district provides a comprehensive learning environment for developing and practicing lifelong wellness behaviors. The entire school environment, not just the classroom, shall be aligned with healthy school district goals to positively influence a student's understanding, beliefs and habits as they relate to good nutrition and regular physical activity. In accordance with law and this belief, the board commits to the following:

The school district will identify at least one goal in each of the following areas:

- **Nutrition Education and Promotion:** Schools will provide nutrition education and engage in nutrition promotion that helps students develop lifelong healthy eating behaviors.
- **Physical Activity:** Schools will provide students with age and grade appropriate opportunities to engage in physical activity that meet the Iowa Healthy Kids Act.
- **Other School Based Activities that Promote Wellness:** As appropriate, schools will support students, staff, and parents' efforts to maintain a healthy lifestyle.

The following nutritional guidelines for food available on school campuses will be adhered to:

- Meals served through the National School Lunch and School Breakfast Program will be appealing and meet, at a minimum, nutrition requirements established by state and federal law;
- Schools providing access to healthy foods outside the reimbursable meal programs before school, during school and thirty minutes after school shall meet the United States Department of Agriculture ("USDA") Smart Snacks in Schools nutrition standards, at a minimum. This includes such items as those sold through a la carte lines, vending machines, student run stores; and
- Schools will only allow marketing and advertising of foods and beverages that meet the Smart Snacks in school nutrition standards on campus during the school day.



The superintendent or superintendent's designee shall implement and ensure compliance with the policy by:

- Reviewing the policy at least every three years and recommending updates as appropriate for board approval;
- Implementing a process for permitting parents, students, representatives of the school food authority, teachers of physical education, school health professionals, the school board, administrators and the public to participate in the development, implementation, and periodic review and update of the policy;
- Making the policy and updated assessment of the implementation available to the public (e.g., posting on the website, newsletters, etc). This information shall include the extent to which the schools are in compliance with policy and a description of the progress being made in attaining the goals of the policy; and
- Developing administrative regulations, which shall include specific wellness goals and indicators for measurement of progress consistent with law and district policy.

***NOTE: This is a mandatory policy.***

***NOTE: The Iowa Department of Education has tools and resources available to help districts with progress reports and other aspects of policy implementation and review. Please visit the "School Wellness Policy" section of the Iowa Department of Education's website, located at: <https://www.educateiowa.gov/pk-12/nutrition-programs/school-wellness>.***

***NOTE: School districts are required by federal law to have at least one wellness goal in each of the goal areas identified in paragraph three of the sample policy. These goal areas include the following: nutrition promotion and education, physical activity, and other school-based activities that promote student wellness. School districts should select goals to include in the regulation (507.9R1) from the options provided in the sample regulation (507.9R1) or identify a district specific goal. Districts must remember the sample policy and sample regulation cannot be adopted in the current format. School boards and administration must make a choice for all text in italicized brackets.***

Legal Reference: 42 U.S.C. §§ 1751 *et seq.*  
42 U.S.C. §§ 1771 *et seq.*  
Iowa Code §§ 256.7(29); 256.11(6).  
281 I.A.C. 12.5; 58.11.

Cross Reference: 504.5 Student Fund Raising  
504.6 Student Activity Program  
710 School Food Services

Approved August 21, 2017 Reviewed June 15, 2020 Revised October 18, 2021

**UNION COMMUNITY SCHOOL**

## WELLNESS REGULATION

To implement the Wellness Policy, the following district specific goals have been established:

**Goal 1 – Nutrition Education and Promotion:** Schools will provide nutrition education and engage in nutrition promotion that help students develop lifelong healthy eating behaviors. The goal(s) for addressing nutrition education and nutrition promotion:

- Implement evidence-based healthy food promotion techniques through the school meal programs using the Smarter Lunchroom Techniques
- Promote fruits, vegetables, whole-grain products, low-fat and fat-free dairy products, and healthy foods
- Include nutrition education training for teacher and other staff through article sharing, wellness competitions, and/or speakers during professional development.
- Promote and incorporate locally grown fruits and vegetables from school gardens and local producers into the menu and educate students on where their food comes from.
- The nutrition department will collaborate with building staff, organizations, and students to provide educational taste tests two times per year.
- High school ag classes will engage 5<sup>th</sup> grade students in nutrition lessons that include My Plate and Farm to School activities including learning about where food comes from.

**Goal 2 – Physical Activity:** Schools will provide students and staff with age and grade appropriate opportunities to engage in physical activity that meet federal and state guidelines, including the Iowa Healthy Kids Act. The goal(s) for addressing physical activity include the following:

- Engage students in moderate to vigorous activity during at least 50 percent of physical education class time.
- Encourage classroom teachers to provide short physical activity breaks (3-5 minutes) after 1-2 hours of sitting. Resources will be provided.
- Encourage teachers to incorporate movement and kinesthetic learning approaches into core subject instructions when possible.
- All students in grades K-12 will have access to regularly scheduled physical education, appropriate to the age and grade of the student. The physical education program shall be designed to build interest and proficiency in the skills, knowledge, and attitudes essential to a lifelong physically-active lifestyle. It shall include providing information, fostering a positive atmosphere, encouraging self-discipline, developing motor skills, and promoting activities that can be carried out over the course of students' lives.
- Ensure physical activity is not used for or withheld as a punishment.
- Use 5-2-1-0 Campaign and resources to promote 5 daily servings of fruits and vegetables, less than 2 hours of screen time", 1 hour of physical activity per day, 0 sugary drinks, more water.
- Provide elementary students with recess according to the following:
  1. At least 20 minutes a day.
  2. Outdoors as weather permits.
  3. Encourages moderate to vigorous physical activity.

**Goal 3 – Other School-Based Activities that Promote Student Wellness:** Schools will support student, staff, and parents’ efforts to maintain a healthy lifestyle, as appropriate. The goal(s) for addressing other school-based activities that promote student wellness include the following

- Provide parents a list of foods and beverages that meet nutrition standards for classroom snacks and celebrations and encourage them to use these for snacks and celebrations. (Note: All shared snacks will be pre-packaged with a nutrition label or fresh fruit/vegetable that may not have a label.)
- Provide school staff a list of alternative ways to reward children. Foods and beverages will not be used as a reward, or withheld as punishment.
- Develop a plan to promote staff wellness.
- Engage students and parents, through taste-tests of new school meal items and surveys to identify new, healthful, and appealing food choices.
- Share information about the carbohydrate content of meals with parents and students.
- Drinking water will be available where school meals are served during mealtimes. Students will be allowed to bring and carry water bottles to encourage water consumption.
- Maintain the requirements needed to keep the bronze award from the Healthier U.S. School Challenge.
- Educate staff and parents on the Wellness Policy through local promotion.

**Public Involvement:** There is a process for permitting parents, students, representatives of the school food authority, teachers of physical education, school health professionals, the school board, administrators and the public to participate in the development, implementation, and periodic review and update of the policy:

- The school district has a local wellness policy committee to advise the district on the development, implementation, and improvement of the school wellness policy;
- The superintendent or superintendent’s designee invites suggestions or comments concerning the development, implementation, and improvement of the school wellness policy. As such, interested persons are encouraged to contact the superintendent or superintendent’s designee.

***NOTE: School districts are required by federal law to have at least one specific wellness goal in each of the goal areas identified above. These goal areas include the following: nutrition promotion and education, physical activity, and other school-based activities that promote student wellness. Options have been provided, but districts must remember the sample policy and sample regulation cannot be adopted in the current format. School boards and administration must make a choice for all text in italicized brackets.***

*NOTE: The Iowa Department of Education has tools and resources available to help districts with progress reports and other aspects of policy implementation and review. Please visit the “School*

*Wellness Policy” section of the Iowa Department of Education’s website, located at:*  
<https://www.educateiowa.gov/pk-12/nutrition-programs/school-wellness>.

CLASS OR STUDENT GROUP GIFTS

The board welcomes gifts to the school district from a class or student group. While class gifts to the school district do not require the approval of the superintendent, the board encourages students to consult with the superintendent or other licensed employees prior to selecting a gift for the school district.

Legal Reference: Iowa Code §§ 68B; 722.1, .2 (2005).

Cross Reference: 704.4 Gifts - Grants - Bequests

Approved Dec. 19, 2002

Reviewed June 15, 2020

Revised Jan. 15, 2007

OPEN NIGHT

In keeping with good community relations, student school activities will not be scheduled on Wednesday night beyond 5:45 p.m. whenever possible. It is the responsibility of the principal to oversee the scheduling of school activities for compliance with this policy.

Legal Reference: Iowa Code § 279.8 (2005).

Cross Reference: 901.2 Board of Directors and Community Relations

Approved Dec. 19, 2002

Reviewed June 15, 2020

Revised Jan. 15, 2007